OpendTect Administrator's Manual - 7.0





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System Requirements

Windows

Minimum

- Version: 10/11, older Windows versions may work, but are no longer tested.
- CPU: Intel/AMD, 64 bits
- **GPU**: Basic Intel graphics cards or Nvidia (e.g. recent GeForce/Quadro/NVS series) graphics cards; AMD graphics cards may work.
- **Memory**: DDR4 memory, 16 GB of RAM, OpendTect itself needs at least 2 GB RAM. Therefore, 16 GB will almost certainly be the absolute minimum.
- Storage: Hard Disk

Recommended

- Version: 10/11
- CPU: Intel/AMD processor with 64 bit support, 3+ GHz multi-core. Note that OpendTect uses all processors if necessary. The more cores and speed, the better. OpendTect will automatically use multiple threads in many situations. This depends on the type of attribute, display, etc. We put a lot of effort to get time-consuming tasks multi-threaded.
- **GPU**: Nvidia (e.g. recent main-stream up to high-end GeForce series) graphics cards. Quadro or NVS series cards could give the bit extra you want. In doubt, buy the best GeForce card you can find. When buying a laptop make sure that it has a Nvidia chipset.
- **Memory**: DDR4 or DDR5 memory, on the safe side don't go for less than 32 GB. Buy as much memory that you can afford and fits in the system. The big clients for example use nothing less than 512 GB.
- **Storage**: SSD is best, other good options are Hard Disk and Network Drive. This is usually under-valued, but it's often the crucial performance component. SSD

disks will give a tremendous boost in performance; essentially, data on SSD disks loads almost as fast as pre-loaded, in-memory data. Performance could be miserable if data needed to stream through (relatively) slow disks and/or networks.

For Machine Learning

- Version: 10/11
- CPU: Intel, 64 bits for when using Python environment Intel[™] Math Kernel MKL for Machine Learning using CPU only. AMD, 64 bits should be fine when using the Python Environment with CUDA 11.3 for Machine Learning on the GPU.
 Ideally you want the system to be expendable to 4 GPUs. The CPU will need to support all GPUs. Important to look for is how many PCIe lanes the CPU supports and how many PCIe lanes are needed for the system's number of GPUs and M.2 NVMe SSDs. We recommend to get a CPU with at least 8 cores, 16 threads and 40 PCIe lanes.
- GPU: Nvidia, GeForce or Quadro series.

The GPU needs to be fast enough and able to fit the model and data batch in memory. When in doubt choose the one with more memory. Other things to look for is the number of CUDA cores, tensor cores and GB memory bandwidth per second. We recommend the following cards:

- Turing architecture cards (CUDA 10 and later)
 - Nvidia GeForce RTX 2080 Ti with 11 GB DDR6 memory and 4352 CUDA Cores
 - Nvidia Quadro RTX 6000 with 24 GB DDR6 memory and 4608 CUDA Cores
- Nvidia Quadro RTX 8000 with 48 GB DDR6 memory and 4608 CUDA Cores
 Ampere architecture cards (CUDA 11.1 and later)
 - Nvidia GeForce RTX 3080 Ti with 12 GB DDR6 memory and 10240 CUDA Cores
 - Nvidia GeForce RTX 3090 with 24 GB DDR6 memory and 10496 CUDA Cores
 - Nvidia A40 with 48 GB DDR6 memory and 10752 CUDA Cores
- Ada Lovelace architecture cards (CUDA 11.8 and later)
 - Nvidia GeForce RTX 4070 Ti with 12 GB DDR6 memory and 7680 CUDA Cores
 - Nvidia GeForce RTX 4080 with 16 GB DDR6 memory and 9728 CUDA Cores
 - Nvidia GeForce RTX 4090 with 24 GB DDR6 memory and 16384 CUDA Cores
- **Memory**: DDR4 or DDR5 memory, on the safe side don't go for less than 32 GB. Buy as much memory that you can afford and fits in the system.
- **Storage**: The best choice is M.2 NVMe SSD that is big enough for the data. The advantage of M.2 NMVe SSD is that it is plugged into the motherboard and is super fast. Other options are SATA SSD, Hard Disk and Network Drive. Performance could be miserable if data needed to stream through (relatively) slow disks and/or networks.

Please note that:

- For best performance OpenGL drivers should be up-to-date. For Machine Learning on GPU we provide a Python package with CUDA 11.3. Please see this <u>table</u> on the Nvidia CUDA Toolkit documentation page for the minimum compatible driver version.
- The CUDA 10 Python environment is now obsolete and will no longer receive security updates. Users are encouraged to replace it with CUDA 11. Alternatively, you may decide for the CPU-only Python environment.
- 4K/8K screens are not fully supported yet. This depends on the scaling factor. We are working on a fix. Please see the FAQ Visualization for a possible workaround.
- Windows needs to be updated with the latest updates from Microsoft.

Linux

Minimum

- Modern Linux distro.
 - We have tested:
 - RHEL/CentOS 7.2 and higher; OpendTect Pro 7.0 has been <u>certified for RHEL 8</u> <u>& RHEL 9</u>
 - Ubuntu 20.04 and higher
 - OpenSUSE Leap 15.4 and higher
 - Other distros will probably work, possibly with a small tweak
- CPU: Intel/AMD processor with 64 bit support
- **GPU**: Basic Intel Graphics cards or Nvidia (e.g. recent GeForce/Quadro/NVS series) graphics cards; AMD graphics cards may work.
- **Memory**: DDR4 memory, 16 GB of RAM, OpendTect itself needs at least 2 GB RAM. Therefore, 16 GB will almost certainly be the absolute minimum.
- Storage: Hard Disk

Recommended

- Modern Linux distro. We have tested:
 - RHEL/Rocky Linux 8.0 and higher; OpendTect Pro 7.0 has been <u>certified for RHEL</u> <u>8 & RHEL 9</u>
 - Ubuntu 22.04 and higher
 - OpenSUSE Leap 15.4 and higher
- **CPU**: Intel/AMD processor with 64 bit support, 3+ GHz multi-core. Note that OpendTect uses all processors if necessary. The more cores and speed, the better. OpendTect will automatically use multiple threads in many situations. This depends on the type of attribute, display, etc. We put a lot of effort to get time-consuming tasks multi-threaded.
- **GPU**: Nvidia (e.g. recent main-stream up to high-end GeForce series) graphics cards. Quadro or NVS series cards could give the bit extra you want. In doubt, buy the best GeForce card you can find. When buying a laptop make sure that it has a Nvidia chipset.
- **Memory**: DDR4 or DDR5 memory, on the safe side don't go for less than 32 GB. Buy as much memory that you can afford and fits in the system. The big clients for example use nothing less than 512 GB.
- **Storage**: SSD is best, other good options are Hard Disk and Network Drive. This is usually under-valued, but it's often the crucial performance component. SSD disks will give a tremendous boost in performance; essentially, data on SSD disks loads almost as fast as pre-loaded, in-memory data. Performance could be miserable if data needed to stream through (relatively) slow disks and/or networks.

For Machine Learning

- Modern Linux distro. We have tested:
 - RHEL/Rocky Linux 8.0 and higher; OpendTect Pro 7.0 has been <u>certified for RHEL</u> <u>8 & RHEL 9</u>
 - Ubuntu 22.04 and higher
 - OpenSUSE Leap 15.4 and higher
- CPU: Intel, 64 bits for when using Python environment Intel[™] Math Kernel MKL for Machine Learning using CPU only. AMD, 64 bits should be fine when using the Python Environment with CUDA 11.3 for Machine Learning on the GPU.
 Ideally you want the system to be expendable to 4 GPUs. The CPU will need to support all GPUs. Important to look for is how many PCIe lanes the CPU supports and how many PCIe lanes are needed for the system's number of GPUs and M.2 NVMe SSDs. We recommend to get a CPU with at least 8 cores, 16 threads and 40 PCIe lanes.

• **GPU**: Nvidia, GeForce or Quadro series.

The GPU needs to be fast enough and able to fit the model and data batch in memory. When in doubt choose the one with more memory. Other things to look for is the number of CUDA cores, tensor cores and GB memory bandwidth per second. We recommend the following cards:

- Turing architecture cards (CUDA 10 and later)
 - Nvidia GeForce RTX 2080 Ti with 11 GB DDR6 memory and 4352 CUDA Cores
 - Nvidia Quadro RTX 6000 with 24 GB DDR6 memory and 4608 CUDA Cores
 - Nvidia Quadro RTX 8000 with 48 GB DDR6 memory and 4608 CUDA Cores
- Ampere architecture cards (CUDA 11.1 and later)
 - Nvidia GeForce RTX 3080 Ti with 12 GB DDR6 memory and 10240 CUDA Cores
 - Nvidia GeForce RTX 3090 with 24 GB DDR6 memory and 10496 CUDA Cores
 - Nvidia A40 with 48 GB DDR6 memory and 10752 CUDA Cores
- Ada Lovelace architecture cards (CUDA 11.8 and later)
 - Nvidia GeForce RTX 4070 Ti with 12 GB DDR6 memory and 7680 CUDA Cores
 - Nvidia GeForce RTX 4080 with 16 GB DDR6 memory and 9728 CUDA Cores
 - Nvidia GeForce RTX 4090 with 24 GB DDR6 memory and 16384 CUDA Cores
- **Memory**: DDR4 or DDR5 memory, on the safe side don't go for less than 32 GB. Buy as much memory that you can afford and fits in the system.
- **Storage**: The best choice is M.2 NVMe SSD that is big enough for the data. The advantage of M.2 NMVe SSD is that it is plugged into the motherboard and is super fast. Other options are SATA SSD, Hard Disk and Network Drive. Performance could be miserable if data needed to stream through (relatively) slow disks and/or networks.

Please note that:

- OpendTect may work when using the <u>Nouveau</u> driver, however for best performance the Nvidia driver should be installed. The nouveau driver does not support CUDA.
- <u>Gallium3D</u> drivers are not supported.
- For best performance OpenGL drivers should be up-to-date. For Machine Learning on GPU we provide a Python package with CUDA 11.3. Please see this <u>table</u> on the Nvidia CUDA Toolkit documentation page for the minimum compatible driver version.
- The CUDA 10 Python environment is now obsolete and will no longer receive security updates. Users are encouraged to replace it with CUDA 11. Alternatively, you may decide for the CPU-only Python environment.
- Low-level GPUs keep showing poor performances through the generations. Shading functionality requires special GPU features, present in the main-stream and high-end

GeForce, Quadro and NVS cards. Nevertheless, under Linux, only Nvidia provides drivers capable of running the shading feature. If you can't see any colors on graphic elements, try disabling shading (Utilities > Settings > Look and Feel).

- 4K/8K screens are not fully supported yet. This depends on the scaling factor. We are working on a fix. Please see the FAQ Visualization for a possible workaround.
- Linux distros should be LSB compliant. You can check this using the command *lsb_release*. This is particularly stringent for commercial plugins using the FlexNet system. There is documentation on installing license files for commercial plugins, and there is a page with background information.
- Linux 64 bits releases require the **libstdc++ library** to be present on the system. In the table you can see the minimum libstdc++ library version that is needed:

OpendTect version	libstdc++ library needed
6.4	6.0.19 or newer
6.6	6.0.21 or newer
7.0	6.0.28 or newer

- Linux distros will need to have the **XCB** libraries installed. For check and installation instructions please see <u>Installing OpendTect on Linux</u>.
- OpendTect is known to work under RHEL, CentOS, Ubuntu, OpenSUSE and other distributions, as well as earlier versions of the main distributions, too. Fedora usage is not recommended - although it may work it's the only distro that regularly fails to work in combination with OpendTect. This is probably because the graphics vendors do not support it well in terms of drivers.
- OpendTect Pro 7.0 has been certified for RHEL 8 & RHEL 9

MacOS

Minimum

- Version: MacOS 11 (Big Sur)
- CPU: Mac/Intel or Mac/ARM processor with 64-bit support
- **GPU**: Basic Intel, AMD or Apple graphics card, f.i. the Intel HD Graphics 4000.
- Memory: 16 GB of RAM
- Storage: Hard Disk

Recommended

- Version: MacOS 12 (Monterey) / 13 (Ventura)
- CPU: Mac/Intel or Mac/ARM processor with 64-bit support
- GPU: Intel, AMD or Apple graphics card
- **Memory**: Don't go for less than 32 GB RAM. Buy as much memory that you can afford and fits in the system.
- Storage: SSD is best. Other good options are Hard Disk and Network Drive.

For Machine Learning

• This is still to be determined.

Please note:

- Mac/PowerPC support is NOT available.
- Mac/Intel emulation in Rosetta 2 is not supported.
- A 3-button mouse is highly recommended.

Installation

OpendTect

Installing OpendTect on Windows

OpendTect Pro and OpendTect Pro + Plugins (the commercial products) or OpendTect (the free version) together with Python packages, offline OpendTect and dGB Plugins documentation and Developer Tools can be installed via the OpendTect Installation Manager (OpendTect_Installer_win64.exe) or via an offline package.

Installation via Installation Manager

1. The Installation Manager is available for download via the appropriate platform link on the download page of the dGB website.



Figure: OpendTect download page

2. The Installation Manager is a wizard to install/update the existing OpendTect (Latest / Previous) releases. The release type field is used to select the release that is needed to be installed/updated. The installer gives you the choices as seen below:

🔆 OpendTect Installation Manager V2023.05.07 − 🗆 ×	
Proxy settings	
Release OpendTect 7.0 (Latest)	
OpendTect 7.0 (Latest) OpendTect 6.6 (Previous)	
 Prepare offline installation packages 	
Installation base directory C:\Program Files\OpendTect	
Sexit Proceed ?	
Connected to http://download.opendtect.org/relman	

Figure: OpendTect Installation Manager

3. If it is a fresh installation then you may keep the proposed installation base directory or choose your own. If it is an update then select its installation base directory. To install commercial - and free products on the same system, the commercial and free products must be placed in separate installation folders, e.g. *C:\Program Files\OpendTectFree* and *C:\Program Files\OpendTectPro*. Now click Proceed.

Please note: installing in *C:\Program Files\OpendTect* will require administrative rights. In case you want to prevent using the administrative rights then we suggest to install into a folder on which a normal user has permissions, e.g. into *C:\User-s\username\OpendTect*

4. Select the package type of OpendTect you want to install. Please note that this window will only popup when installing a fresh OpendTect or OpendTect Pro installation.

Option *OpendTect Pro (Commercial)* will automatically select packages OpendTect Pro and Miniconda3. OpendTect Pro is the extended version of OpendTect. Option *OpendTect (Free)* will automatically select OpendTect and Miniconda3. OpendTect is a free open source seismic interpretation system and software development platform. Documentation and Development Tools packages are not automatically selected. It is possible to add packages at a later time.

To read more about OpendTect licensing, please refer to our <u>webpage of licensing</u> <u>types</u>.

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OpendTec	t Pro	(Commer	cial)
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🔷 Bac	k 🗌	Next	?

Figure: OpendTect Installer Package Selection window

- 5. The OpendTect Installation Manager identifies the platform on which it is running. This information is then anonymized prior to it being sent to OpendTect. We use this anonymous data solely for the purpose of getting a picture of OpendTect usage and thus improving our support capabilities.
- 6. The next window of the wizard is the OpendTect Package Manager. Multiple items can be toggled on or off by checking the boxes. Optionally, the relevant package combination could also be selected from the top list box.





Figure: OpendTect Package Manager

7. The installation manager will automatically recognize the previously installed version at the selected path and will prompt it in the *Installed version* field. To read more about a particular item in the list, select the item by clicking on it and read the description on to the right panel. For example, Machine Learning:

Machine Learning By dGB Earth Sciences B.V. Request evaluation license Machine Learning is a toolkit for seismic, logs and sei classification, segmentation and regression. ML suppo learning algorithms (convolutional neural networks, ens support vector machines etc.) and it fully integrates its Neural Networks plugin	ismic-to-logs rts the latest deep emble methods, predecessor: the
Installed version Available version	7.0.0
Download size 1.76 MB Installed size	5.44 MB
Re-Install - Machine Learni	File list

Figure: Machine Learning information in right panel of OpendTect Installation Manager

- 8. Please note: In order to get an out of the box experience with the Machine Learning plugin you should select the Python CUDA 11 (GPU) package for training on the Nvidia GPU. It is also possible to select the Python MKL (CPU), with Intel[™] Math Kernel Library, environment for training on the CPU only. The base Miniconda3 Python environment will always be installed. More information about system requirements for Machine Learning are available.
- 9. After selecting the packages for installation click on Install to start the installation. You will first get a window that downloads the files from the download server. After downloading the packages they will be unpacked to the installation path.





Figure: Example of downloading files and archive unpacker windows

10. If, for any reason, you should choose to abort the installation mid-download, you will see the following window appear:



Figure: Stopped accessing download.opendtect.org

This gives you various options, including increasing the time-out from its default setting, changing the download server or changing the Proxy settings. One thing that can be tried is temporarily (partly) disable the Windows firewall to find out whether that helps.

11. The installation will finish with giving an overview of the installed packages. Here is an overview for the OpendTect Pro (Commercial) installation:



Figure: Overview of installed packages

12. After the installation is finished the Manage Firewall Program Rule window appears. This window gives the possibility to add rules for a selection of OpendTect and Python executables to the Windows Firewall. For more information please see the <u>Firewall</u> <u>rules and ports chapter</u>.

Please note that for adding rules to the firewall elevated rights are needed.

🛞 Manage OpendTect Firewall	Rules	_		×
Please allow the following	apps to communicate through	Firewall		
OpendTect Executables	 ✓ ▼ ✓ OpendTect Main Window ✓ Distributed Computing Cl ✓ Distributed Computing Set 	ient ervice		
	✓ •		. d l	
Python Executables	Machine Learning Environ	nment : <c< td=""><td>amıpytr</td><td>></td></c<>	amıpytr	>
Add Firewall Rules Scancel				
Path: C:\Program Files\OpendTect\Python\odmlpython-cuda113				



 To start OpendTect double click the desktop icon OpendTect 7.0.0 or the App OpendTect 7.0.0 from the Start menu. Alternatively one can browse into the installation directory and run od_main.exe from C:\Program Files\OpendTect\7.0.0\bin\win64\Release.

Installer logging

The installer logs to a logfile. If something goes wrong during installation please look into the following files:

- %TEMP%\username_od_instmgr_install_log.txt
- %TEMP%\username_od_instmgr_updcheck_log.txt

Installing OpendTect on Linux

OpendTect Pro and OpendTect Pro + Plugins (the commercial products) or OpendTect (the free version) together with Python packages, offline OpendTect and dGB Plugins documentation and Developer Tools can be installed via the OpendTect Installation Manager (OpendTect_Installer_lux64.sh) or via an offline package.

Required system libraries

As written in the Linux System Requirements, OpendTect requires several system libraries. To be able to successfully launch the OpendTect Installer and OpendTect itself you have to make sure that these system libraries are present:

- Isb
- xcb

lsb

You can check this using the command <code>lsb_release</code>. How to install lsb? This differs per distro:

- Debian/Ubuntu: sudo apt install lsb
- RHEL/CentOS/Rocky:yum install redhat-lsb
- **OpenSUSE**: zypper install lsb

xcb

How to check for xcb? This differs per distro:

- Debian/Ubuntu: sudo apt list --installed | grep xcb
- RHEL/CentOS/Rocky:yum list installed | grep xcb
- **OpenSUSE**: zypper search --installed-only xcb

How to install xcb? This differs per distro:

- Debian/Ubuntu: sudo apt install libx11-xcb1 libxcb-util1 libxcb1
- RHEL/CentOS/Rocky: yum install libxcb xcb-util xcb-util-image xcb-util-keysyms xcb-util-renderutil xcb-util-wm
- **OpenSUSE**: zypper install libX11-xcb1 libxcb-util1 libxcb1

Installation via Installation Manager

1. The Installation Manager is available for download via the appropriate platform link on the <u>download page</u> of the dGB website.



Figure: OpendTect download page

- 2. After downloading the installer open a terminal window.
- 3. In the terminal window change the directory to the directory where the installer has been downloaded to.
- 4. Then run sh OpendTect_Installer_lux64.sh Please note: to be able to run the installer *csh* or *tcsh* needs to be installed
- 5. This should unpack the OpendTect Installer into the /tmp directory and then run the Installer.
- 6. The Installation Manager is a wizard to install/update the existing OpendTect (Latest / Previous) releases. The release type field is used to select the release that is needed to be installed/updated. The installer gives you the choices as seen below:

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ious) 🔊	
ackages	
ne/arjan/OpendTect	Select
8	Exit Proceed ?
	ect Installation Manager V2023 ackages ne/arjan/OpendTect

Figure: OpendTect Installation Manager

- 7. If it is a fresh installation then you may keep the proposed installation base directory or choose your own. If it is an update then select its installation base directory. To install commercial and free products on the same system, the commercial and free products must be placed in separate installation folders, e.g. */home/your_user-name/OpendTectFree* and */home/your_username/OpendTectPro*. Now click Proceed.
- 8. Select the package type of OpendTect you want to install. Please note that this window will only popup when installing a fresh OpendTect or OpendTect Pro installation.

Option *OpendTect Pro (Commercial)* will automatically select packages OpendTect Pro and Miniconda3. OpendTect Pro is the extended version of OpendTect. Option *OpendTect (Free)* will automatically select OpendTect and Miniconda3. OpendTect is a free open source seismic interpretation system and software development platform.

Documentation and Development Tools packages are not automatically selected. It is possible to add packages at a later time.

To read more about OpendTect licensing, please refer to our <u>webpage of licensing</u> types.



Figure: OpendTect Installer Package Selection window

- 9. The OpendTect Installation Manager identifies the platform on which it is running. This information is then anonymized prior to it being sent to OpendTect. We use this anonymous data solely for the purpose of getting a picture of OpendTect usage and thus improving our support capabilities.
- 10. The next window of the wizard is the OpendTect Package Manager. Multiple items can be toggled on or off by checking the boxes. Optionally, the relevant package combination could also be selected from the top list box.



All Plugins ✓ OpendTect Pro ✓ ④ OpendTect Pro ✓ ④ Dip-Steering ✓ ④ Dip-Steering ✓ ④ Faults and Fractures ✓ ④ Machine Learning ✓ ④ Horizon Cube ✓ ④ Horizon Cube ✓ ④ Horizon Cube ✓ ④ Well Correlation Panel ✓ ④ Well Correlation Panel ✓ ④ Velocity Model Building ✓ ④ Velocity Model Building ✓ ④ Velocity Model Building ✓ ④ Machine Learning ✓ ④ Velocity Model Building ✓ ④ Velocity Model Building ✓ ④ Miniconda3 ✓ ● Miniconda3 ● Python ✓ ✓ ● Miniconda3 ● Python MKL (CPU) ✓ ✓ ● Python MKL (CPU) ✓ ● Python CUDA 11 (GP	OpendTect Installation Manager ×		
✓ ④ SynthRock ✓ ④ Velocity Model Building ✓ ④ Velocity Model Building ✓ ④ WMPlugins ✓ ④ WMPlugins ✓ ④ MAGS Destriping ✓ ④ Miniconda3 Python ✓ ④ Python CUDA 11 (GPU) ✓ ● Pocumentation	Installing Ope All Plugins	OpendTect Installation Manager IndTect 7.0 (Latest) at /home/arjan/OpendTect/7.0.0	
Python MKL (CPU) V Installed version Available version 7.0.0	✓ ④ Well Correlation Panel ✓ ④ SynthRock ✓ ④ Velocity Model Building ✓ ④ WMPlugins ✓ ④ WMPlugins ✓ ● M-GS Destriping ✓ ● Python ✓ ● Miniconda3	 PetrelDirect data connectivity to Petrel' Basemap + Mapping Well Table with additional log plots and cross-plots Thalweg tracker for seismic facies tracking Horizon Mathematics (3D and 2D) PDF-3D for sharing images Shapefiles Accurate ray-tracer for mutes, angle stacks, AVA attributes Create 3D bodies from polygons 	
OpendTect User Documentation Download size 206.52 MB Installed size 512.82 MB The provide the transformer of the dGB Plugins The provide transformer of the transformer of the transformer of transf	Python MKL (CPU) Python CUDA 11 (GPU) OpendTect User Documentation Documentation for the dGB Plugins OverlopmentTools	Installed version Available version 7.0.0 Download size 206.52 MB Installed size 512.82 MB Re-Install - OpendTect Pro File list Back Constall	

Figure: OpendTect Package Manager

11. The installation manager will automatically recognize the previously installed version at the selected path and will prompt it in the *Installed version* field. To read more about a particular item in the list, select the item by clicking on it and read the description on to the right panel. For example, Machine Learning:

Machine Learning By dGB Earth Sciences B.V. Request evaluation license Machine Learning is a toolkit for seismic, logs segmentation and regression. ML supports the	and seismic-to-l	logs classification,
segmentation and regression. ML supports the (convolutional neural networks, ensemble met it fully integrates its predecessor: the Neural N	e latest deep lea thods, support v letworks plugin	rning algorithms ector machines etc.) and
Installed version Av	vailable version	7.0.0
Download size 2.09 MB	Installed size	6.57 MB
🗌 Re-Install - Machine Learr	nir	File list

Figure: Machine Learning information in right panel of OpendTect Installation Manager

- 12. Please note: In order to get an out of the box experience with the Machine Learning plugin you should select the Python CUDA 11 (GPU) package for training on the Nvidia GPU. It is also possible to select the Python MKL (CPU), with Intel[™] Math Kernel Library, environment for training on the CPU only. The base Miniconda3 Python environment will always be installed. More information about system requirements for Machine Learning are available.
- 13. After selecting the packages for installation click on Install to start the installation. You will first get a window that downloads the files from the download server. After downloading the packages they will be unpacked to the installation path.

[26%] Downloading files		
27%		
Pause	C Abort	
KBytes downloaded 61726	28s	

[36%] Unpacking Archives		
	36%	
		Abort
Extracting	g data MBytes Processed: 197 7s	

Figure: Example of downloading files and archive unpacker windows

14. If, for any reason, you should choose to abort the installation mid-download, you will see the following window appear:

Stoppe	ed accessing download.opendtect.org	×
	You can try again	
Download from	download.opendtect. 👻 🥔 Proxy settings	
Timeout (1-60 s)		
	🕑 Try again) 😢 Give up	2

Figure: Stopped accessing download.opendtect.org

This gives you various options, including increasing the time-out from its default setting, changing the download server or changing the Proxy settings. One thing that can be tried is temporarily (partly) disable the Linux firewall or SELinux to find out whether that helps.

15. The installation will finish with giving an overview of the installed packages. Here is an overview for the OpendTect Commercial installation:



Figure: Overview of installed packages

16. To start OpendTect change the terminal or Konsole directory into /home/your_username/OpendTectPro/7.0.0 and then run ./start_dtect

Installer logging

The installer logs to a logfile. If something goes wrong during installation please look into the following files:

- /tmp/your_username_od_instmgr_install_log.txt
- /tmp/your_username_od_instmgr_updcheck_log.txt

Installing OpendTect on MacOS

OpendTect Pro and OpendTect Pro + Plugins (the commercial products) or OpendTect (the free version) together with Python packages, offline OpendTect and dGB Plugins documentation and Developer Tools can be installed via the OpendTect Installation Manager (OpendTect_Installer_mac.dmg) or via an offline package.

Security setting

Please do the following before installation:

- Click on the 'Apple' button (top left), go to:
- System Preferences > Security & Privacy > General Tab
- In case the option is there then toggle on *Allow apps to be installed from App Store and identified developers*, this may ask for admin credentials.
- Keep this window open when starting to install OpendTect. When you start the installer for the first time you might get the error message: "OpendTect Installer" can't be opened because the identity of the developer cannot be confirmed. or the error message "OpendTect Installer" can't be opened because Apple cannot check it for malicious software.

At System Preferences > Security & Privacy > General Tab there should be a message like "OpendTect Installer" was blocked from opening because the identity of the developer" cannot be confirmed. or "OpendTect Installer" was blocked from use because it is not from an identified developer. Click the lock icon to make changes and then click the Open Anyway button.

	Security & Privacy	Q Search
General A login password has been set Require password 5 r Show a message when V Disable automatic login	FileVault Firewall Privacy t for this user Change Password minutes Image: after sleep or screet the screen is locked Set Lock	ord een saver begins Message
Allow apps downloaded from: App Store App Store and identifie "OpendTect Installer" was blog identity of the developer capp	ed developers cked from opening because the	Open Anyway
Click the lock to prevent further c	hanges.	Advanced ?

Figure: Set Security setting to App Store and identified developers and Open OpendTect Installer anyway

• Once the installation is finished, and assuming you made a change to the security setting then you may change the security back.

Please note that in order to install OpendTect into the Applications folder the user that installs OpendTect should be allowed to administer this computer. You can check whether this option is toggled on via Users & Groups.

••• < > ===	Users & Groups	QSearch
Current User admin Admin Other Users Guest User Off	Password admin	Login Items Change Password
Login Options	Contacts Card: Allow user to administer this of Enable parental controls 	Open computer upen Parental Controls
Click the lock to make ch	anges.	?

Figure: Find out whether user is allowed to write into Applications folder via Users & Groups

Installation via Installation Manager

1. The Installation Manager is available for download via the appropriate platform link on the download page of the dGB website.



Figure: OpendTect download page

- 2. Run the .dmg file via Finder.
- 3. Then start the OpendTect Installer.



Figure: Start the OpendTect Installer by opening the .dmg file

4. In case you get a window with error message: "OpendTect Installer" can't be opened because the identity of the developer cannot be confirmed. or "OpendTect Installer" can't be opened because Apple cannot check it for malicious software then please follow the Security settings section in the top of this chapter to allow the opening of the OpendTect Installer.



?

"OpendTect Installer" can't be opened because the identity of the developer cannot be confirmed.

Your security preferences allow installation of only apps from the App Store and identified developers.

"OpendTect Installer" is on the disk image "OpendTect_Installer_mac.dmg". Safari downloaded this disk image today at 10:44 from **download.opendtect.org**.

OK

D	"OpendTect Installer" ca because Apple cannot ch software.	n't be opened neck it for malicious
<u> </u>	This software needs to be upd developer for more information	ated. Contact the n.
	This item is on the disk image "OpendTect_Installer_mac.dmg this disk image today at 1:13 P	g". Chrome downloaded M from dgbes.com .
	Show in Fin	der OK

Figure: Error messages explaining that the OpendTect Installer can't be opened

5. The Installation Manager is a wizard to install/update the existing OpendTect (Latest / Previous) releases. The release type field is used to select the release that is needed to be installed/updated. The installer gives you the choices as seen below:

Oper	ndTect Installation Manager V2022.	07.01
Proxy settings Release OpendTect 7.0 OpendTect 6.6	(Latest) (Previous)	0
Prepare offline installat Installation base directory	tion packages /Applications/OpendTect	Select
Connected to http://downlo	bad.opendtect.org/relman	Proceed ?

Figure: OpendTect Installation Manager

- 6. If it is a fresh installation then you may keep the proposed installation base directory or choose your own. If it is an update then select its installation base directory. To install commercial and free products on the same system, the commercial and free products must be placed in separate installation folders, e.g. /*Applications/OpendTectFree* and /*Applications/OpendTectPro*. Now click Proceed.
- 7. Select the package type of OpendTect you want to install. Please note that this window will only popup when installing a fresh OpendTect or OpendTect Pro installation.

Option *OpendTect Pro* will automatically select packages OpendTect Pro and Miniconda3. OpendTect Pro is the extended version of OpendTect. Option *OpendTect Commercial* will select all packages. Option *OpendTect Free* will automatically select OpendTect and Miniconda3. OpendTect is a free open source seismic interpretation system and software development platform.

Documentation and Development Tools packages are not automatically selected. It is possible to add packages at a later time.

To read more about OpendTect licensing, please refer to our <u>webpage of licensing</u> <u>types</u>.



Figure: OpendTect Installer Package Selection Window

- 8. The OpendTect Installation Manager identifies the platform on which it is running. This information is then anonymized prior to it being sent to OpendTect. We use this anonymous data solely for the purpose of getting a picture of OpendTect usage and thus improving our support capabilities.
- 9. The next window of the wizard is the OpendTect Package Manager. Multiple items can be toggled on or off by checking the boxes. Optionally, the relevant package combination could also be selected from the top list box.

GB Commercial Plugins	Dip-Stee	ering		
 Dip-Steering Faults and Fractures Neural Networks Horizon Cube Sequence Stratigraphic Interpre Fluid Contact Finder Well Correlation Panel SynthRock Velocity Model Building 	The dip-steering cubes". A steerin local dip and azi include: dip-stee steered attribute steered horizon More info Request evaluat	plugin allows you to crea g cube contains at every muth of the seismic even red filters (median, fault- s (similarity, volume curva rracking.	te and use "steering sample position the ts. Applications anhancement), dip- ature) and dip-	
M-GS Destriping	Creator	dGB Earth Sciences B.	Web	File list
e Python	Installed version	-	Action needed:	
Miniconda3	Available version	7.0.0	Install	
Python MKL (CPU)	Download size	605.04 kB		
Documentation	Installed size	1.89 MB		
OpendTect User Decumentation		Ro-Install - Din-Stoor	ina	

Figure: OpendTect Package Manager

- 10. The installation manager will automatically recognize the previously installed version at the selected path and will prompt it in the *Installed version* field. To read more about a particular item in the list, select the item by clicking on it and read the description on to the right panel.
- 11. After selecting the packages for installation click on Proceed to start the installation.
12. You may get a window with error message *Cannot Write /Applications/OpendTect.* You may want to check the access permissions. Restart the Installer. This means that the current user has no administrative rights to install into the Applications folder. The solution is to either give the current user administrative rights, let an admin user create the OpendTect folder in Applications or to install into a folder where the user is allowed to write files, like e.g. the users Documents/OpendTect folder.



Figure: Cannot Write /Applications/OpendTect

13. You will first get a window that downloads the files from the download server. After downloading the packages they will be unpacked to the installation path.



Pause		Abort
Extracting data MBytes Processed:	1	1m:8s

Figure: Example of downloading files and archive unpacker windows

14. If, for any reason, you should choose to abort the installation mid-download, you will see the following window appear:

This gives you various options, including increasing the time-out from its default setting, changing the download server or changing the Proxy settings.

15. The installation will finish with giving an overview of the installed packages. Here is an overview for the OpendTect Commercial installation:

• • •	N	
	Installed package(s) :- OpendTect Pro Dip-Steering Faults and Fractures Neural Networks Horizon Cube Sequence Stratigraphic Interpretation System Fluid Contact Finder Well Correlation Panel SynthRock Velocity Model Building M-GS Destriping Miniconda3 Python MKL (CPU)	
	🖌 ОК	

Figure: Overview of installed packages

16. To start OpendTect open it with Finder: Applications > OpendTect > OpendTect 7.0.0

Licenses

Licensing and Host IDs

OpendTect uses FlexNet to manage its licensing. There are two main types of license:

- **Node-locked:** The license file is tied directly to a specific client machine (or selection of machines) through its 'HostID'. This option is popular for laptops and for single-user desktop setups. Installation is very simple.
- Floating License: The license file is generated for, and tied to a dedicated server via its 'HostID'. The license manager on the server then issues licenses to client machines. This option is more suited for multiple users. Installation can be more involved.

In order to generate a license, we need the HostID (commonly known as MAC address) of the machine or server, depending on license type:

- If server-based (floating) license
 - Server (Host) Name
 - Server (Host) ID
- If node-locked license
 - Host ID

To discover the HostID(s):



This will give a result similar to the following window:

🛞 Host Information	-		\times
Information need	ded to generate a license		
HostID(s)	"00249b64a742"		
Computer/Host Name	dgb117		
Computer/Host Name Overrule			
Computer/Host Address	192.168.2.6		
Operating System	Windows (64 bits)		
OS Product name	Windows 10 Version 2009		
User name	mark		
		SC	lose

Use the clipboard icon to copy the information displayed in the window into text format for pasting into an email or document.

Note: On some Windows 10 and 11 systems there is an option Random hardware addresses in Windows Settings > Network & Internet > WiFi . Please make sure that the Use random hardware addresses option is toggled off when using the Show HostID utility and supplying us with the information needed for generating the license. Also this option should be toggled off when using the OpendTect license that you received back. When a random HostID is supplied to us we can not guarantee that the generated OpendTect license will keep working. Therefore we ask supply with that you to us а HostID will not change.

← Settings	
命 Home	WiFi
Find a setting	WiFi
Network & Internet	On On
Status	Connected, secured
n, WiFi	Show available networks Hardware properties
記 Ethernet	Manage known networks
⑦ Dial-up	Pandom bardware addresses
∞ VPN	Kandom hardware addresses
ා Flight mode	Use random hardware addresses to make it harder for people to track your location when you connect to different WiFi networks. This setting applies to new connections.
(y) Mobile hotspot	Use random hardware addresses
Proxy	Off Off
	Hotspot 2.0 networks

Figure: Random hardware addresses option in Windows Settings > Network & Internet > WiFi

For additional information (including alternate methods of accessing the HostID), please refer to the <u>Appendix FlexNet Licenses Explained</u>.

Installing demo/node-locked licenses

Under *Utilities > Installation > Licenses* you will see two sets of options, differing per platform:



Figure: License options on Windows

Utilities TerraNubis	Help
Settings) 🛃 📑 🔽 ЦА 🖬 🕁 🛯 👗 🔿 🗰
Tools	
User Commands	🖌 🛑 📄 🔲 🔲 Seismics 🗸
Installation	Update
Show Log File	Auto-update Policy
	🕏 Python Settings
	Connection Settings
	Plugins
	Setup Distributed Computing
	Graphics Information
	Show HostID
	Licenses 💦 💦 🎼 Install/edit licenses

Figure: License options on Linux

Windows:

Clicking the option *Install/Edit licenses...* will bring up the following tool:

🚯 License Settings				_	
		Specify license settings for each vend	or		
🍜 dGB License Type	File ~	License File \DGB117\dgb117_dgb.lic	Select	Install	Clear
🐼 ARK CLS License Type	File ~	License File	Select	Install	Clear
Request evaluation license				2 License M	anager Tools
				8	Close ?
Found 15 valid features in ne	ode license C:\Licenses\[)GB\DGB117\dgb117_dgb.lic			

Linux:

Clicking the option *Install/Edit licenses…* will bring up the same tool but <u>note that the</u> License Manager Tools button is not present (this is a Windows-only option):

R ×	License Settings	~ ^ 😣
	Specify license settings for each vendor	
GB License Type File	License File mo_1-nov-2021_dgb.lic Select C Examine	Install Clear
Request evaluation license		
		🛛 Close 🕐
Found 15 valid features in node license	/users/cases/license_files/demo_dgb/demo_1-nov-2021_dgb.lic	

For both Windows & Linux:

As shown above, select *File* from the drop-down and *Select* to browse to the node-locked license to be installed.

You may then *Examine* the license:

S:\Licenses\DGB\DGB117\dgb117_dgb.lic _ Х File # -^ # FlexNet 11 # License features for OpendTect plugins distributed by dGB # \$Date: 2021/05/17 12:46:14 \$ # http://opendtect.org/lic/doc/flexnet installation guide.html # -FEATURE dTect dgbld 2022.07 17-jul-2022 uncounted HOSTID=d83bbf838f47 \ SIGN="000C AD45 3FF7 C38F 32C0 5169 E18E BA00 0375 86E0 AD97 \ 1E2A D6CE 1A37 4668" # OpendTect PRO FEATURE dTectPRO dgbld 2022.07 17-jul-2022 uncounted \ HOSTID=d83bbf838f47 SIGN="0009 37E6 87DF 374D 5B21 EE43 76DF \ D200 84D9 3677 3E50 E9C3 084F ACE0 3E0E" # Dip-Steering FEATURE dTectDS dgbld 2022.07 17-jul-2022 uncounted \ HOSTID=d83bbf838f47 SIGN="00B9 E255 EBC5 19F1 2995 B4BD 3415 \ D200 F28C E021 B641 CF67 5846 9D3A 54E1" # Faults and Fractures FEATURE dTectFLT dgbld 2022.07 17-jul-2022 uncounted \ HOSTID=d83bbf838f47 SIGN="00EF CEFC 7975 0511 1F2D 460E CUB8 / Close Reload

If everything seems in order, proceed to *Install* the license. On pressing *Install*, you will see a warning that a restart will be necessary:



Pressing Continue will show this message:



Clicking *OK* will prompt OpendTect to restart to complete the installation of the node-locked license.

For information about floating or server-based licenses, please refer to the <u>Appendix FlexNet Licenses Explained</u> or look in the chapter <u>installing floating</u> <u>licenses</u> for instructions on how to get them installed on the client.

For more general information about OpendTect licensing options, please see the <u>licenses</u> page

A more complete explanation of OpendTect license installation can be found in the License Installation Webinar, available on OpendTect's YouTube Channel.

Installing floating licenses

A floating license file is to be used by the dGB FlexNet license server. This license server can run on Linux, MacOS or Windows. See here for instructions on <u>how to</u> install the license server on Linux and how to install the license server on Windows.

Once the license server is running we can then instruct the client on how to borrow the license. There are two ways for installing the floating license on a client:

- 1. By setting the DGBLD_LICENSE_FILE environment variable
- 2. By using the FlexNet Impath tool via console/command prompt or on Windows through the License Manager Tools (Imtools.exe)

Setting the DGBLD_LICENSE_FILE environment variable

The DGBLD_LICENSE_FILE environment variable can be set to a license file or to the server host.

On a Linux client the variable can be set with the export or setenv command.

On a Windows client the variable can be set via Control Panel > System > Advanced system settings > Environment Variables. Please note that a user environment variable is only available for the user who sets the variable. It might be a better choice to set the variable as a system environment variable. It then can be globally accessed by all users.

The possible values are:

- port@host
- @host
- path to license file

port = the TCP/IP port the license server is using. If port is not specified in front of @home a default TCP/IP port number in the range of 27000-27009 is used.
host = the hostname of the license server. This comes from the SERVER line in the license file.
path to license file = exactly that. Place the license file in a network location available to all machines running OpendTect or copy it to all of the machines running OpendTect (Typically: C:\Licenses)

Using the FlexNet Impath tool

The Impath tool can be used to add to, override, or get the current license path settings.

This and other FlexNet tools are packaged in a single executable lmutil or lmutil.exe.

OpendTect 7.0.0 ships these tools. They can be found in the following paths:

- For Linux: OpendTect/7.0.0/bin/lux64/lm.dgb
- For Windows: OpendTect\7.0.0\bin\win64\lm.dgb

TosetitonLinuxrun:./lmutil lmpath -override dgbld port@host or ./lmutil lmpath -
dgbldlicensefileOnWindowsrun:lmutil.exelmpath - overridedgbldport@host or lmutil.exelmpath -overridedgbldport@host or lmutil.exe

Note: Impath sets the file \$HOME/.flexImrc on Linux and the FlexNet Licensing registry entry on Windows platforms.

To display the current license path setting, use on Linux the command: ./lmutil lmpath - status Or on Windows: lmutil.exe lmpath -status

For a status of the currently in use licenses, use on Linux the command: ./lmutil lmstat - a - c port@host Or on Windows: lmutil.exe lmstat -a -c port@host

Clear license installation

Under *Utilities > Installation > Licenses* you will see the option Clear license installation:



Figure: Clear license installation option

This option (Windows only) will clear:

- Demo or node-locked licenses installed via any route, including the 'Install demo license' option.
- Floating (or 'server') licenses that may have been installed (without stopping the license server).

You will get this window explaining that all commercial licenses will be deacivated and that the plugins will stop working. To remove click Remove or else Cancel.



Figure: Are you sure to remove the licenses?

Once cleared, you will be prompted to restart:



Figure: All installed licenses cleared

Users of Linux systems wishing to clear their license installation will need to do the following:

- Locate the .flexImrc file in your HOME directory (eg: \$HOME/.flexImrc)
- Check in the file for specific lines referring to the OpendTect vendors (dGB, ARKCLS)
- If the file contains lines relevant to other software, then just delete the individual lines. Otherwise, you may choose to delete the file.

This method also applies to both demo/node-locked and floating licenses and will also not stop the server.

Prepare offline installation packages

Offline installation packages can be created with the OpendTect Installation Manager. It is useful to do this if you want to install OpendTect on a system that has no access to Internet. Please follow these steps to create such offline installation packages:

- 1. Download the OpendTect Installation Manager for Linux or Windows from the <u>OpendTect download page</u>.
- 2. Run the installer
 - a. On Linux in the terminal run sh OpendTect_Installer_lux64.sh
 - b. On Windows simply double click on OpendTect_Installer_win64.exe
- 3. In the Installation Manager window select Prepare offline installation packages.
 - a. On Linux the default path of where the od_offline_lux64 or od_offline_win64 Download directory will be created will be /tmp/. On Windows this is the user's AppData\Local\Temp. It is possible to select another path.
 - b. At platform choose between Linux (64 bits) or Windows (64 bits).
- 4. Click the Proceed button to start creating the offline installation package.

OpendTect Installation Manager V2020.10.21	_		×
Market Proxy settings			
Release OpendTect 6.6 (Current)			•
C Install/Update Online			
 Prepare offline installation packages 			
Download directory \Users\arjan\AppData\Local\Temp\od_offline_win64	•	Select	
Platform Windows (64 bits)			
Connected to http://download opendtect.org/relman	roceed	>>	?

Figure: Prepare offline installation packages

- 5. The rest of the setup is identical to the usual way of installing OpendTect. You pick the packages that need to be included in the installation and click the *Proceed* button.
- 6. When the offline installation package has been created this will be shown in the information window.



Figure: OpendTect offline-installation packages created successfully

7. The offline installation folder can now be transferred to the offline system by copying the folder via an USB stick or some other way onto the offline system.

Install OpendTect via offline installation package

On Linux:

1. Transfer the od_offline_lux64 folder to the offline system.

Then on the offline system in terminal:

- 2. cd od_offline_lux64
- 3. ./unix_install.csh
 Please note: to be able to run the installer *csh* needs to be installed
- 4. The installer asks for the path of where to install OpendTect, enter it, e.g. /home/user-/OpendTect
- 5. The questions about a previous installed version of OpendTect and the initial Project data folder can be answered or ignored.
- 6. After a while the installation will be finished.
- 7. If the Python packages have been installed then in the terminal run the following to prepare the Python environment(s) on the system: cd OpendTect/Python
 - ./setup.Python
- 8. OpendTect can be started by running the start_dtect script, which can be found in the OpendTect/7.0.0 folder.

On Windows:

- 1. Transfer the od_offline_win64 folder to the offline system.
- 2. With the file explorer go into the od_offline_win64 folder.
- 3. Run OpendTect_setup.exe

4. Set the destination folder and press the *Install* button to start the installation.

⅔ OpendTect_setup.exe	05/	06/2020 10:47	Applicati	ion	
🗑 OpendTect Setup			_		\times
۲	Setup will install OpendTect in the f To install in a different folder, click " Click "Install" to start the installation	following folder. 'Select" and select and n	other folder.		
Destination folder	C:\Program Files\OpendTect			Select .	
		Cancel	Install	Help	

Figure: Install OpendTect with the offline installation package on Windows

- 5. After a while the installation will be finished.
- 6. OpendTect can be started by running the od_main.exe executable, which can be found in the OpendTect\7.0.0\bin\win64\Release folder.

Setup Python Settings

For information about the Python environments and how to install them please see the following chapters:

- Information about the OpendTect Python environments
- Internal Python installation for use in OpendTect
- System Python installation for use in OpendTect
- Custom Python installation from YAML files

Setup a Custom Python environment

To use the environment that has been installed with the YAML file or if you have set a custom Python environment in some other way, please do the following:

- 1. Start OpendTect 7.0
- 2. From the menu choose Utilities > Installation > Python Settings
- 3. Set Python environment to Custom
- 4. As Custom environment root choose the root directory of your own miniconda3 or anaconda3 installation, e.g. *C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3*.
- 5. With anaconda3 it is possible to install the environments into a different path than the root directory. OpendTect will allow this by reading out the paths from %User-Profile%\.conda\environments.txt on Windows or \$HOME/.conda/environments.txt on Linux.
- 6. As Virtual environment choose odmlpython-cpu-mkl or odmlpython-cuda113. The virtual environments are shown as full paths when they have been read from the environments.txt file.

🏓 Set Python Settings		_		×
	Set Python environment			
Python environment	Custom ~			
Custom environment root	C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3		😑 Sel	əct
Virtual environment	C:\Anaconda3\envs\odmlpython-cuda113 $ \smallsetminus $			
Custom Module Path	-	Æ7 6	Edit	
Python IDE Command	Jupyter-Lab			\sim
Command	jupyter-lab		Select	$(\)_{a}$
Tool Tip	Jupyter Lab			
Python Console Command	Windows Terminal ~			
Command	wt.exe		Select	۶_
Tool Tip	Windows Terminal			
Test Launch Prompt	Safety Check			
	Сок		Cancel	?

Figure: Set Python Settings window with a selected custom Python environment

- 7. If you want to use a Python IDE you can choose Jupyter-Lab, Jupyter-Notebook, Spyder or Idle that come with the environment or choose your own IDE.
- 8. Press OK to save the Python settings.

Setup Distributed Computing

In order to utilize OpendTect's capability for Multi-Machine Processing (MMP), a *BatchHosts* file must be created and used. This file contains the list of remote machines (*host machines* or *nodes*) and some relevant details about these machines and the path to the Survey Data Root. OpendTect will use this file to communicate to the remote hosts and launch processes remotely on them. Follow the example format (shown below) to add the list of remote machines and their details in the respective fields.

In order to minimize complications, the Setup Distributed Computing tool (formerly known as Setup Batch Processing tool) can be used to create a tailor-made BatchHosts file (via *Utilities > Installation > Setup Distributed Computing*...).

Utilities Help		
Settings	۲	1
Tools	•	
Installation	•	Update
Show Log File		Auto-update Policy
		Python Settings
		Connection Settings
		Plugins
		Setup Distributed Computing
		Graphics Information
		Show HostID
		Firewall Add/Remove Process
		Licenses •

Figure: Launching Setup Distributed Computing tool

As default OpendTect will try to create a new or edit the existing BatchHosts file in it's 7.0.0/data directory. If this directory is not writable OpendTect will advise to launch this process with administrator rights.



Figure: Selected Batch Host Directory is not writable

It is also possible to use a custom BatchHosts filepath by setting environment variable DTECT_BATCH_HOSTS_FILEPATH .

Edit User Variable		×	(
Variable <u>n</u> ame:	DTECT_BATCH_HOSTS_FILEPATH]
Variable <u>v</u> alue:	C:\Program Files\OpendTect\6.6.0\data\BatchHosts		
Browse <u>D</u> irectory.	. Browse <u>F</u> ile	OK Cancel	

Figure: Setting DTECT_BATCH_HOSTS_FILEPATH environment variable

	IP address	Hostname	Display Name	^
Host 1	192.168.0.20	dgb20	Victoria's box (2x Xeon X5650 2x6x2x 2.67 GHz, 64GB-RAM, openSUS	SE 42.1)
Host 2	192.168.0.25	dgb25	Spare box (1x Xeon E5-2620 6x2x 2.00 GHz, 64GB-RAM, openSUSE	Leap 15.1)
Host 3	192.168.0.27	dgb27	ML box (1x Corei9 9820X 10x2x 3.30 GHz, 128GB-RAM, openSUSE I	_eap 15.1)
Host 4	192.168.0.29	dgb29	Assia's box (1x Corei9 9820X 10x2x 3.30 GHz, 128GB-RAM, openSU	SE Leap 15.1)
Host 5	192.168.0.34	dgb34	Arnaud's box (1x Corei7 4790 4x2x 3.60 GHz, 32GB-RAM, openSUS	E Leap 15.0)
Host 6	192.168.0.39	dgb39	Hardeep's box (1x Xeon E5-2665 8x2x 2.40 GHz, 128GB-RAM, oper	SUSE Leap 15.1)
<	400 400 0 400	4-6400	Mindows demole have (44 Careiz 0700 4/2/2 40 C) = 4000 B	ANA 10/0 40

Figure: Setup Distributed Computing window

BatchHosts file: This field is not editable in the User Interface.

IP address: IP address of the node machine(s). If the background of this field is in red then there is a problem with the resolving of the hostname into the IP address.

Hostname: Hostname of the node machine(s). If the background of this field is in red then there is a problem with the resolving of the hostname.

Display name: Free-text field. Text entered here appears in the Distributed Computing window.

Platform: Select platform type, the options are: Linux (64 bits), Windows (32 bits), Windows (64 bits) and Mac OS X.

Survey data root: Location of the survey (the path to the survey data root folder

from the host machine)

Advanced Settings		_		×
Settings for all platforms:				
First Port 37500				
Settings for UNIX only:				
Remote shell command 🔾 ssh 🛛 🔘 rsh				
Nice level 19				
Default Survey Data Root:				
Unix hosts				
Windows hosts				
	OK		Cance	2
	OR		ounot	

Figure: Advanced Settings window

Advanced Settings:

- Here you may change the first port value (in the case that it is blocked or in use). By default this first TCP port is 37500. We advise to open up to 5 ports, e.g. 37500-37504.
- Linux users may decide to change the remote shell command from the default ssh to rsh.

When setting to ssh it is required that the user who is running OpendTect is able to login to the other nodes without a password. This can be done by setting up public key authentication between the nodes. We will not go into detail of how to do this. In short this is done by generating the SSH key on the machine you are using to start the jobs,

the public key then needs to be uploaded to the nodes and added to the user's .ssh/au-thorized_keys file.

- The Nice level sets the priority on the host machines, 19 being nicest and 1 being least nice).
- Finally, the Default Data Root can be set per platform.

Description of icons:

Add new host.

Remove selected host.



Move host up or down.

Test hosts. Will perform tests to ensure that the server and nodes can communicate to the necessary extent to perform the MMP. (ie: can the nodes find the data root folder and read/write into it)

Tips & tricks

In case you are having issues with the Distributed Computing between the server that launches the scheduler and the nodes please check the following:

- Can you ssh into the node(s) without having to type a password? e.g. run: ssh nodehostname ls -la
- Can you the access the data project on the node(s)? e.g. run: ssh nodehostname ls -la /pathto/dataproject
- Can you access OpendTect on the node(s)? e.g. run: ssh nodehostname ls -la /pathto/opendtect
- When you run the scheduler is it listening on the port you set in the BatchHosts file? e.g. run: netstat -antpu | grep 37500

- Is their a time difference on the server that is starting the scheduler and node(s)? It is a good idea to sync them via a ntp server.
- Is the hostname resolution correct? Do the nodes get the correct IP address to which they need to connect?

For more information on this topic, please refer to <u>OpendTect's Youtube Channel</u> where you may find the webinar: <u>Multi-Machine Processing Setup</u>.

Setup the preferred GPU with Windows settings

Laptops with an Intel CPU usually come with two integrated graphic cards. The default one the laptop starts up with would be one such as Intel HD graphics. OpendTect however will have the best performance when using the Nvidia GPU. Therefore that one should be used instead.

When OpendTect starts it will scan your graphics card. If it finds an Intel card there will be a warning message: 'Intel card found. If your computer has multiple graphics cards, consider switching from the integrated graphics.'



Figure: Warning message about the Intel card

From Windows 10 feature release 20H2 and onwards and Windows 11 the Nvidia GPU can be made the preferred GPU with the Windows settings. We assume that you have installed the latest Nvidia driver that is available for your GPU. If not then please go to the <u>Nvidia website</u> and download and install the latest driver for your type of GPU.

Please do the following on Windows 10:

1. Click the Start icon and then go to Settings > System



Figure: Navigating to the Windows 10 System settings

2. Windows settings should open the display settings. Browse down to Graphics settings and click it.

Advanced display settings Graphics settings

Figure: Display > Graphics settings

3. Now choose an app to set the preference. OpendTect is a desktop app, so make sure that the drop down bar has "Desktop app" selected. Now click the "Browse" button and navigate to the OpendTect installation directory,

e.g.: C:\Program Files\7.0.0\bin\win64\Release and add od_main.exe

De	sktop app 🛛 🗸					
В	Browse					
« Ope	endTect > 6.6.0 > bin > win64 > Release >	ٽ ~	Search Release			
<i>w</i> folde	r		8			
^	Name	Date modified	Туре			
	od_grid_horizoncube.exe	2-11-2020 12:48	Application			
*	od_HC_From_ShiftCube.exe	2-11-2020 12:48	Application			
*	od_HCMMBatch.exe	2-11-2020 12:48	Application			
*	od_horcurv.exe	2-11-2020 12:48	Application			
	od_ImageViewer.exe	2-11-2020 12:33	Application			
<u>^</u>	📧 od_isopach.exe	2-11-2020 12:33	Application			
	od_madexec.exe	2-11-2020 12:33	Application			
	🥌 od_main.exe	2-11-2020 12:33	Application			
	od_main_console.exe	2-11-2020 12:33	Application			
	od_osgfileviewer.exe	2-11-2020 12:33	Application			
	od_petrelhortransfer.exe	2-11-2020 12:49	Application			
	od_petrelseistransfer.exe	2-11-2020 12:49	Application			
~	<					
File na	me: od_main.exe	~	All files (*.exe)			
			Add N			

Choose an app to set preference

Figure: Choosing od_main.exe to set the GPU preferences

4. Now click the "Options" button and choose the High performance option and clicking the "Save" button for setting the Nvidia GPU as default for OpendTect.

OpendTect Let Windows decide C:\Program Files\Open \od_main.exe	ndTect\6.6.0\bin\win64\	Release
	Options	Remove
Graphics preference		
What do you prefer for gra	phics performance?	
O Let Windows decide		
O Power saving		
GPU: Intel(R) HD Graph	nics 530	
High performance GPU: NVIDIA GeForce	GT 730	
Save	Cancel	

Figure: Setting the Nvidia card as high performance graphics preference for OpendTect

5. The next time you start OpendTect it should no longer show the Intel card found message popup. To check the graphics card used in OpendTect you might want to check *Utilities > Installation > Graphics Information*. It should now show the Nvidia card information and driver version.





Figure: Check which graphics card OpendTect uses

Please do the following on Windows 11:

1. Click the Start icon and then go to Settings > System > Display

Pinned All apps Edge Word Excel PowerPoint Mail Mail Calendar Image: Settings Image: Settings PowerPoint Image: Solitaire PowerPoint Image: Solitaire PowerPoint Image: Solitaire PowerPoint Image: Solitaire Image: Solitaire Image: Solitaire PowerPoint Image: Solitaire Image: Solitaire Image: Solitaire		re to search						
Image: Spot if y Image: Spot if y Image: Spot if y <th>Pinned</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>All apps ></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Pinned					All apps >		
Microsoft Store Image: Settings Photos Settings Sotialire Image: Setting Sotia	C Edge	Word	X Excel	PowerPoint	Mail	Calendar		
Sportify Sportify Disney+ Xbox Cipchamp- Video Editor Prime Video TkTok Recommended More OpendTect 6.6 Setup Distributed C Recently added OpendTect 6.6 Setup Distributed C Recently added OpendTect 6.6 Setup Distributed C Recently added OpendTect 6.6 Recontly added OpendTect 6.6 Complexity added OpendTect 6.6 Complexity added OpendTect 1nstaller Recently added OpendTect 1nstaller Recently added OpendTect 1nstaller Recently added OpendTect 1nstaller Recently added OpendTect 1nstaller 	Aicrosoft Store	Photos	Settings	Office	Solitaire	Adobe Express	•	
Recommended More Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: System Image: Sy	Spotify	Disney+	Xbox	Clipchamp - Video Editor	Prime Video	TikTok		
 OpendTect 6.6 Setup Distributed C Recently added OpendTect 6.6 Remote Processing Recently added OpendTect 6.6 Remote Processing Recently added OpendTect 6.6 License Installer Recently added OpendTect Installer Recently added OpendT	Recomme	nded				More >		
 OpendTect 6.6 Recently added OpendTect Installer Recently added OpendTect Installer Recently added Google Drive Recently added Google Drive Recently added System Bluetooth & devices Display Monitors, brightness, night light, display profile 	Contraction Contra	endTect 6.6 Setup I cently added	Distributed C	R Op SM Re	cendTect 6.6 Remo	ote Processing		
OpendTect Installer Recently added Recently added OpendTect Installer	Op Rec	endTect 6.6 cently added		Or Re	endTect 6.6 Licen cently added	ise Installer		
 System Bluetooth & devices 	Op Rec	endTect Installer ently added		Gc Re	oogle Drive cently added			
System Bluetooth & devices Display Monitors, brightness, night light, display profile	8					Ċ		
 System Bluetooth & devices Display Monitors, brightness, night light, display profil 	۲ 🖪		i c	• •	E	1		
Bluetooth & devices Display Monitors, brightness, night light, display profil	System	1						
	Bluetoo	oth & devices			Displa Monit	ay ors, brightness,	night light, di	isplay profile

Figure: Navigating to the Windows 11 System > Display settings

2. Windows settings should open the display settings. Browse down to Graphics settings and click it.

Syst	em > Display	
	Change the size of text, apps, and other items	
(0)	Display resolution Adjust the resolution to fit your connected display	1920 × 1080 (Recommended) V
B	Display orientation	Landscape
Related	settings	
	Advanced display Display information, refresh rate	>
	Graphics	>

Figure: Display > Graphics settings

3. Now choose an app to set the preference. OpendTect is a desktop app, so make sure that the drop down bar has "Desktop app" selected. Now click the "Browse" button and navigate to the OpendTect installation directory,

e.g.: C:\Program Files\7.0.0\bin\win64\Release and add od_main.exe

System >	Display	> (Graphics				
Default settings							
Change default graphics settings							
Custom options for apps							
Custom optior	ns for apps						
Custom option	ns for apps						
Custom option Add an app Desktop app	ns for apps	~					

Open				×
$\leftarrow \rightarrow {\cdot} \uparrow $	🚞 « 6.6.0 > bin > win64 > Release	~ C	Search Release	م
Organise 🔹 New fol	lder		≣ .	- 💷 🕜
✓ ★ Quick access	Name	Date modified	Туре	Size
E Desktop	od_ImageViewer	11-7-2022 10:35	Application	
🛓 Downloads 🧳	od_isopach	11-7-2022 10:35	Application	
Documents 🦻	od_LicInstall	11-7-2022 11:47	Application	1
Pictures 3	od_LogViewer	11-7-2022 11:47	Application	- 1
Surveys	od_madexec	11-7-2022 10:35	Application	
🚺 Videos) od_main	11-7-2022 10:35	Application	1
> 🌰 OneDrive	od_main_console	11-7-2022 10:35	Application	
> 📮 This PC	od_osgfileviewer	11-7-2022 10:36	Application	
> 🛬 Network	od_petrelhortransfer	11-7-2022 11:47	Application	
File <u>n</u>	ame: od_main	~	All files	~
			Add	Cancel

Figure: Choosing od_main.exe to set the GPU preferences

4. Now click the "Options" button and choose the High performance option and clicking the "Save" button for setting the Nvidia GPU as default for OpendTect.



Microsoft Edge Let Windows decide (Power saving)

Microsoft Store

Let Windows decide (Power saving)

Figure: Setting the Nvidia card as high performance graphics preference for OpendTect

5. The next time you start OpendTect it should no longer show the Intel card found message popup. To check the graphics card used in OpendTect you might want to check *Utilities > Installation > Graphics Information*. It should now show the Nvidia card information and driver version.



Figure: Check which graphics card OpendTect uses

Setup NVIDIA GPU Performance Counters

When running jobs with the Machine Learning plugin you might get the following error message: CUPTI_ERROR_INSUFFICIENT_PRIVILEGES

To fix this please follow the <u>instructions</u> from the NVIDIA site. It will be a good idea to do this anyway to prevent of getting the above mentioned error message.

In short the way to set this on Windows is:

- 1. Open the NVIDIA Control Panel
- 2. From the menu select *Desktop* and ensure that *Enable Developer Settings* is checked



- 3. From the tray select *Developer > Manage GPU Perfomance Counters*
- 4. Select Allow access to the GPU performance counter to all users to enable unrestricted profiling



Environment variables

There are several environment variables that can be set. OpendTect will look for these environment variables. They can be set to:

- let OpendTect use the dGB license from the FlexNet license server,
- get special features working,
- or to use custom paths for certain functionality.

Environment variable	Expected Values	Description
DGBLD_LICENSE_FILE	port@host	Used on clients to use a
		dGB FlexNet server
	f.i. 27005@myserver	license.
		- port = the TCP/IP port
		the license server is
		using
		- host = the hostname
		of the license server
	@host	Used on clients to use a
	f: 0	dGB Flexinet server
	r.i. @myserver	license.
		- nost = the hostname
		nort = not specified A
		default TCP/IP port
		number in the range of
		27000-27009 is used.
	path to license file	Used on clients to use a
		node-locked or floating
		license.
		- path to license file =
		exactly that. Place the
		license file in a network
		location available to all
		machines running
		Opend lect or copy it to
		all of the machines run-
		(Typically: C:\Licenses)
		(Typically: C:\Licenses)

DTECT_BATCH_HOSTS_	Path to a BatchHosts	This sets the path to a
FILEPATH	file	tailor-made BatchHosts
		file. If it is not set then
		OpendTect will use the
		default BatchHosts file
		in the OpendTect install
		ation directory, e.g.
		C:\Program
		Files\OpendTect\
		7.0.0\data\BatchHosts .
DTECT_CLUSTER_PROC	yes or no	When set to <i>yes</i>
		OpendTect will have
		cluster processing
		enabled.
DTECT_HOME	Path to the OpendTect	This sets the path to the
	settings home directory	OpendTect settings
		home directory. Use
		this if you do not want
		to use the .od directory
		in the user's home
		folder. This envir-
		onment variable
		replaces DTECT_
		SETTINGS (for Linux
		and Mac) and DTECT_
		WINSETTINGS (for
		Windows).
DTECT_PETREL_PORT	Value of preferred port	This sets the preferred
	for the OpendTect	port for the OpendTect
	Petrel* plugin access.	Petrel* plugin access.
LM_LICENSE_FILE	port@host or @host or	Although it works it is
	path to the license file	preferred to set
		DGBLD_LICENSE_
		FILE instead.
OD_USE_VIRTUALMEM	yes or no	When set to <i>yes</i>
		OpendTect will support
		using virtual memory.

* Petrel is a mark of Schlumberger
Firewall Rules and Open Ports

Firewall rules For OpendTect 7.0 (Windows)

The installer will ask to add firewall rules to the Windows Firewall. Which .exe programs it adds to Windows Firewall depends on the packages that have been installed. Here is the full list of .exe files that require a rule in the Inbound Rules in the Windows Firewall. You may also do this manually. The default OpendTect base directory is C:\Program Files\OpendTect. The base directory can be another directory if that is chosen during installation. If that is the case then replace the default base directory.

- C:\Program Files\OpendTect\7.0.0\bin\win64\Release\od_main.exe
- C:\Program Files\OpendTect\7.0.0\bin\win64\Release\od_SeisMMBatch.exe
- C:\Program Files\OpendTect\7.0.0\bin\win64\Release\od_remoteservice.exe
- C:\Program Files\OpendTect\Python_1.4.4\python.exe
- C:\Program Files\OpendTect\Python_1.4.4\envs\odmlpython-cpu-mkl\python.exe
- C:\Program Files\OpendTect\Python_1.4.4\envs\odmlpython-cuda113\python.exe

Open Ports

OpendTect will need open TCP ports on the localhost for Batch Processing and Machine Learning. Here is a list of ports that OpendTect needs to open if you run a certain job:

Ports	Description
5050	Is used by executable od_remoteservice, which needs to be
	started on the compute node before job is submitted to it, but
	only when the job is started from Windows.
20050 - 20080	These ports are used for communication between OpendTect
	and Python, starting at port 20050.
	We advise to have a broad range to be open, e.g. until 20080.
37500 - 37504	Ports used for the Distributed Computing, starting at port
	37500. We advise to have a port range size of 5 open.
	That allows a user to start several Distributed Computing jobs
	from the same client machine.
57375	Is used for the OpendTect Petrel* plugin access.

When using the FlexNet license server for the OpendTect license(s) it will need open ports for the license server and vendor daemon(s). Here is a list of ports that need to be open on the server that is running the FlexNet license server:

PortsDescription27000 - 27009If no TCP port is specified in the license file the FlexNet license
server will use an unused port in the range of 27000 - 27009.specified portIf no TCP port is specified in the license file the dgbld and ark-
clsld vendor daemons will listen on an ephemeral random port.orspecified port

* Petrel is a mark of Schlumberger

Python environments

Information about the OpendTect Python environments

OpendTect Machine Learning comes with its own Miniconda Python environment. The default **Internal** Python environment will point to the Python packages <u>installed</u> <u>using the installation manager</u>, if they have been installed.

Miniconda3 is a basic Python environment. It allows using the Presentation Maker plugin without having to install Python yourself. Provides libraries, including:

- Python 3.10
- pandas
- python-pptx

Math Kernel Library (MKL) is a complete Python environment for Machine Learning using CPU only (with Intel[™] Math Kernel Library - MKL).

Provides libraries, including:

- Python 3.10
- intel-tensorflow
- keras
- scikit-learn
- pandas
- bokeh
- numpy
- h5py
- joblib

- psutil
- xgboost
- python-pptx
- jupyterlab
- onnxruntime
- pytorch
- matplotlib

Python CUDA 11 is a complete Python environment for Machine Learning on the GPU with CUDA 11.3.

Requires minimum driver version 465.XX, for specifics see this table on the NvidiaCUDA Toolkitdocumentationpage.Will fallback automatically on the CPU if the hardware/driver requirements are notmet.

Provides libraries, including:

- Python 3.10
- tensorflow
- keras
- scikit-learn
- pandas
- bokeh
- numpy
- h5py
- joblib
- psutil

- xgboost
- python-pptx
- jupyterlab
- onnxruntime
- pytorch
- matplotlib

Please note: The Python CUDA 10 environment is now obsolete and will no longer receive security updates. Also note that OpendTect 7.0.0 does not support the Python CUDA 10 environment.

Internal Python installation for use in OpendTect

When running the OpendTect installer there is the option to install the Python environments. The installer will auto select the Miniconda3 environment and also auto select the Python CUDA 11 environment for training on the Nvidia GPU. For training on CPU only the Math Kernel Library (MKL) Python environment should be selected. The Python CUDA 10 environment is now obsolete and will no longer receive security updates. Users are encouraged to uninstall it, and replace it with either CUDA 11 or CPU only Python environment. Also note that OpendTect 7.0.0 does not support the Python CUDA 10 environment.



Figure: Install Python environments with the OpendTect installer

If you have your own miniconda3 or anaconda3 environment you might want to consider to install the OpendTect Python environments from YAML files instead.

If you have a system Python installation (no miniconda3 or anaconda3) then you might want to consider to <u>follow the instructions for the system Python installation</u> instead.

System Python installation for use in OpendTect

It is possible to use a system Python installation in OpendTect. In this scope such a Python installation is not a miniconda or anaconda installation. Note that this is more complicated than the <u>Internal Python installation</u>. If you have your own miniconda3 or anaconda3 environment you might want to consider to do the <u>Custom Python installation</u>.

In order for OpendTect to use a system Python installation the following things need to be done:

- Several packages need to be installed with pip, the requirements are listed below
- Non Python libraries CUDA, cuDNN and HDF5 needs to be installed
- Make sure that the PATH is set correctly for Python and the non Python libraries

Supported versions

Currently OpendTect and the Machine Learning plugin support:

- Python 3.9 and 3.10
- CUDA Toolkit 11.3
- cuDNN v8.2.1
- HDF5 1.12.2

Windows recommendations

- To check whether Python has been installed open the Command Prompt and run:
 where.exe
 python
 If it has been installed it will give the path to python.exe
- To find out which Python version is installed open the Command Prompt and run: python --version

 We recommend to install Python with the Python 3.9 full 64 bits installer or Python 3.10 full 64 bits installer from Python.org <u>Downloads page for Windows</u>. The other options to install Python are from the Microsoft Store and via the Windows Subsystem for Linux (WSL). The reason for not recommending the Microsoft Store package is that it has <u>limitations</u> that make it not suited for a professional development environment.

To make it easier it is recommended to toggle on *Add Python 3.10 to PATH* before clicking *Install Now*

Check whether all paths are set

The paths to the Python and Python Scripts directory should have been set in environment variable Path, e.g:

- C:\Users\your_username\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python310
- C:\Users\your_username\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python310\Scripts

The following paths should be listed in the System Environment Path variable:

- C:\Program Files\NVIDIA GPU Computing Toolkit\CUDA\v11.3\bin
- C:\Program Files\NVIDIA GPU Computing Toolkit\CUDA\v11.3\extras\CUPTI\lib64 Please note that this path the CUDA Toolkit installer will not set. It is recommended to set this one manually so that Python can use CUPTI.
- C:\Program Files\NVIDIA GPU Computing Toolkit\CUDA\v11.3\libnvvp
- C:\Program Files\HDF_Group\HDF5\1.12.2\bin
- Optionally a manual path has to be set to the cuDNN libraries if these have not been unzipped into C:\Program Files\NVIDIA GPU Computing Toolkit\CUDA\v11.3

Installations

Installing Python packages with pip

In the OpendTect 7.0.0\data\Python directory are several requirements.txt files that pip can use to install the required Python packages. Please note that not all requirements.txt files might be present in your installation. As example: for the machine_learning_requirements.txt to be present the Machine Learning plugin needs to be installed.

The pip installations have to be done via the Command Prompt, Windows Power-Shell or Terminal.

First make sure to update pip and install wheel to make your life easier:

python - m pip install - - upgrade pip pip install wheel

Thenruntoinstallthebasicpackages:pipinstall-rpath_to_OpendTect\7.0.0\data\Python\basic_requirements.txt

To install the Python libraries that are required for OpendTect Pro run: pip install -r path_to_OpendTect\7.0.0\data\Python\dgbpro_ requirements.txt

To install the Python libraries that are required for the presentation maker run: pip install - r path_ to_ OpendTect\7.0 .0\data\Python\presentation_maker_requirements.txt

To install the Python libraries that are required the Machine Learning plugin run: pip install -r path_to_OpendTect\7.0.0\data\Python\machine_ learning_requirements.txt

To install the Python libraries that are optional for the Machine Learning plugin run: pip install -r path_to_OpendTect\7.0.0\data\Python\machine_ learning_requirements_optional.txt

To install Python libraries that provide Spyder, Jupyter notebook and related libraries run: pip install - r path_ to_ OpendTect\7.0 .0\data\Python\notebooks_requirements.txt

To install Python libraries for odpybind run: pip install -r path_to_OpendTect\7.0.0\data\Python\odpybind_ requirements.txt

Installing CUDA Toolkit, cuDNN and HDF5

CUDA Toolkit can be downloaded from the <u>CUDA_Toolkit</u> download page. Our advise is to download and install CUDA Toolkit 11.3.

cuDNN can be downloaded from the <u>cuDNN_Archive</u>. Our advise is to download cuDNN v8.2.1 (June 7th, 2021), for CUDA 11.x. An easy way to install is to unzip the downloaded zip-file's CUDA folder content into the path C:\Program Files\NVIDIA GPU Computing Toolkit\CUDA\v11.3 When unzipping into another folder an extra step will need to be done by adding PATH to the cuDNN libraries.

HDF5 can be downloaded from the <u>hdfgroup.org downloads page</u>. Our advise is to download and install HDF5 1.12.2.

Use the system Python environment in OpendTect

To use the system Python environment select **System** as Python environment in the *Set Python settings* window. When the system Python has been successfully installed the Test button should give the list of Python packages that are available in the system Python environment.

Custom Python installation from YAML files

The Python environments we provide with YAML files can be installed into:

- your own miniconda3 installation or into
- your own anaconda3 installation.
 Download the OpendTect Python YAML files

Version 1.4.0 is the current version.

For Linux:

- odmlpython-cpu-mkl_lux64.yml
- odmlpython-cuda113_lux64.yml

For Windows:

- <u>odmlpython-cpu-mkl_win64.yml</u>
- odmlpython-cuda113_win64.yml

The YAML files contain a list of essential packages that are needed inside the Python environment. You can choose to install either the CPU only (odmlpython-cpu-mkl) or CUDA 11 one or both. In most cases the CUDA 11 one would be the best option so that the Machine Learning jobs can be run on the Nvidia GPU.

Install the environments

On Linux:

- 1. Open a terminal/konsole.
- 2. Then run the following:
 - a. cd conda installation directory (e.g. cd /home/user/Miniconda3)
 - **b.** cd bin

- C. bash ; source activate
- d. conda env create --file /pathto/odmlpython-cpu-mkl_lux64.yml
- **e**. conda env create --file /pathto/odmlpython-cuda113 lux64.yml
- f. Conda will collect the packages it needs to install from the YAML file.
- g. Then it will download and extract the packages, do the transaction and install remaining packages with pip.

On Windows:

- 1. Open the Command Prompt. Run as administrator if the Python installation directory is on a location for which the user requires administrative rights.
- 2. Then run the following:
 - a. cd conda installation directory (e.g. cd C:\Users\user\Miniconda3)
 - **b.** cd condabin
 - C. activate.bat
 - d. conda env create --file C:\pathto\odmlpython-cpu-mkl_win64.yml
 - **e**. conda env create --file C:\pathto\odmlpython-cuda113 win64.yml



Figure: Install Python environments from the YAML file on Windows

- f. Conda will collect the packages it needs to install from the YAML file.
- g. Then it will download and extract the packages, do the transaction and install remaining packages with pip.
- h. To make the Python environments completely operational with OpendTect 7.0's Machine Learning plugin it is necessary to get the cupti library on the system. The cupti library is only needed for the CUDA 11 environment.
- i. Finally inside OpendTect's *Set Python Settings* window choose the **Custom** Python environment and point it to your own miniconda3 or anaconda3 Python installation.

Cupti library

For Windows there are two ways to get the cupti library:

- 1. You can download <u>cupti.lib</u> and <u>cupti64</u> 2021.1.1.dll. Then copy them into odmlpython-cudal13\Library\bin.
- 2. Or you can download and install <u>CUDA Toolkit 11.3 update 1 from the Nvidia</u> <u>CUDA</u> <u>site</u>. After installation add C:\Program Files\NVIDIA GPU Computing Toolkit\CUDA\v11.3\extras\CUPTI\lib64 to the system or user environment variable Path.

For information about how to use the custom environment in OpendTect 7.0 please see the chapter <u>Setup Python Settings</u>.

Scipy missing DLL dependencies bug

On Windows you might experience a missing DLL bug in the scipy library. When this happens the Machine Learning plugin will give an error message *Inadequate Python environment for Machine Learning plugin* and the details will show a traceback. This traceback includes a *FileNotFoundError: Could not find mod-ule...gfortran-win_amd64.dll* error.

Inadequate Python environment for Machine Learning plugin. Hide Details OK File "C:\Anaconda3\envs\odmlpython-cuda113\lib\ctypes\initpy", line 373, ininit selfhandle = _dlopen(selfname, mode) ^^ FileNotFoundError: Could not find module 'C: \Anaconda3\envs\odmlpython-cuda113\lib\site-packages\scipy\.libs\libbanded5x.CBCBXIAYFUWOYCSBX UA2BT6W76FYX4C7.gfortran-win_amd64.dll' (or one of its dependencies). Try using the full path with constructor	Error		×	
Hide Details File "C:\Anaconda3\envs\odmlpython- cuda113\lib\ctypes\initpy", line 373, ininit selfhandle = _dlopen(selfname, mode) FileNotFoundError: Could not find module 'C: \Anaconda3\envs\odmlpython-cuda113\lib\site- packages\scipy\.libs\libbanded5x.CBCBXIAYFUWOYCSBX UA2BT6W76FYX4C7.gfortran-win_amd64.dll' (or one of its dependencies). Try using the full path with constructor	\bigotimes	Inadequate Python environment for Machine Learning plugin.	3	
File "C:\Anaconda3\envs\odmlpython- cuda113\lib\ctypes\initpy", line 373, ininit selfhandle = _dlopen(selfname, mode) FileNotFoundError: Could not find module 'C: \Anaconda3\envs\odmlpython-cuda113\lib\site- packages\scipy\.libs\libbanded5x.CBCBXIAYFUWOYCSBX UA2BT6W76FYX4C7.gfortran-win_amd64.dll' (or one of its dependencies). Try using the full path with constructor		Hide Details	[
syntax	File "C:\Anaconda3\envs\odmlpython- cuda113\lib\ctypes\initpy", line 373, ininit selfhandle = _dlopen(selfname, mode) FileNotFoundError: Could not find module 'C: \Anaconda3\envs\odmlpython-cuda113\lib\site- packages\scipy\.libs\libbanded5x.CBCBXIAYFUWOYCSBX UA2BT6W76FYX4C7.gfortran-win_amd64.dll' (or one of its dependencies). Try using the full path with constructor			

Figure: Python environments scipy error when installed via YAML file

Scipy knows about this bug and the issue can be viewed on their GitHub page.

The following workaround has been tested and might also work for your Python environment:

Set environment variable CONDA_DLL_SEARCH_MODIFICATION_ENABLE to 1

License server

Installing a license server on Linux

The FlexNet vendor package with the binaries that are needed can be downloaded from the FlexNet Vendor Packages download page.

- 1. Download the Linux 64 (FlexNet v11.19.4.1) zip-file for OpendTect Pro & dGB Plugins for OpendTect 6.4 and newer.
- Create a directory on the server that is to be used as license server for OpendTect.
 E.g. mkdir /opt/flexlm/opendtect
- 3. Unzip the zip-file in the directory that has been created in previous step.
- The zip-file has the following files: dgbld : The dGB vendor daemon Imgrd : The FlexNet license manager daemon Imutil : The FlexNet license management utilities
- The next thing that is needed is the server license file. This license file will be provided by the dGB support via support@dgbes.com.
 Best is to place the license file in the same directory as lmgrd.
- 6. The license file needs to be edited. Hence, open the license file with a text editor like Vim.
- 7. In the top of the license file there is the SERVER line. The SERVER line format is: SERVER host hostid [port] For example: SERVER myserver 123456abcdef 27005

Note that if no *port* is specified then the FlexNet server will listen on the first available TCP port in the range of 27000-27009. A valid port number is any unused port number in the range of 1024 to 65535. Ports below 1024 are privileged port numbers.

Below the SERVER line is the VENDOR line. This line tells the FlexNet license manager daemon (Imgrd) where to find the dGB vendor daemon (dgbld). The VENDOR line format is: VENDOR dgbld full_path_to/dgbld [PORT=port] For example VENDOR dgbld /opt/flexlm/opendtect/dgbld port=43454

It is important that you replace on the DAEMON line *fullpath_to/dgbld* with the path to the dgbld file. In this example we will change it into: */opt/flexIm/opendtect/dgbld*.

Note that if *port* is not specified then the vendor daemon will listen on an ephemeral random port at run time. A valid port number is any unused port number in the range of 1024 to 65535. Ports below 1024 are privileged port numbers.

Save the license file.

- 8. Ensure that the proper firewall exceptions are in place. There should be two exceptions for:
 - 1. The server TCP port, for the port specified in the license file, e.g. 27005
 - 2. The vendor daemon TCP port, for the port specified in the license file, e.g. 43454

Starting a license server

The license server can be started by executing commands: cd /opt/flexlm/opendtect ./lmgrd -c licensefile.lic -l dgbld debug.log

Please refer to the debug.log file in case of issues.

Toseethelicenseserverstatusyoumayrun:./lmutillmstat-aYou will then see the port number the server uses, the path to the license file(s) that
are in use, whether the license server is up or down, how many licenses for the fea-
tures are issued and in use.

You may want to start the license server with crontab, e.g. add line (with crontab -e): @reboot /opt/flexlm/opendtect/lmgrd - c /opt/flexlm/opendtect/licensefile.lic - 1 /opt/flexlm/opendtect/dgbld debug.log

Error messages

You may encounter error messages when starting the license server. Listed here are the most common ones and how to solve them.

•	./lmgrd: No	such	file	or	directory
---	-------------	------	------	----	-----------

This error occurs when either the file or the executable's loader is not present. To find the executable's loader run the following command: file lmgrd should show something like: lt x86-64, lmgrd: ELF 64-bit LSB executable, 1 version (SYSV), dynamically linked, interpreter /lib64/ld-lsb-x86-GNU/Linux 2.6.18, 64.so.3, for stripped Now check whether the file /lib64/ld-lsb-x86-64.so.3 exists. If not then lsb needs to be installed.

How to install lsb? This differs per distro:

- **Debian/Ubuntu:** sudo apt install lsb
- RHEL/CentOS/Rocky: yum install redhat-lsb
- **OpenSUSE**: zypper install lsb
- Cannot open "debug.log" as log file (-1)

This error message occurs if the user has not enough permissions to create the log file in the path specified. To solve this error message either become a user that has permissions to create the log file in the specified path or create it in a path where the user has sufficient permissions, e.g. in the user's home directory. Debian/Ubuntu users may want to run sudo ./lmgrd -c license-file.lic -l debug.log

 license manager: can't initialize: Cannot read license file.

This error occurs if the user who starts the license server has no permissions to read the license file. To solve this change the owner of the license file.

• Can't make directory /usr/tmp/.flexlm, errno: 2 (No such file or directory)

This error message occurs if there is no /usr/tmp folder on the system. It can be solved by creating a symbolic link /usr/tmp that points to /tmp, for example run as root user:

ln -s /tmp /usr/tmp

• Error getting status: Cannot find license file (-1,73:2 "No such file or directory")

This error message occurs when you run run ./lmutil lmstat -a, but there is no license manager daemon running. It could be that the license manager daemon failed to start. More information can be found in the debug.log file.

Client installation

Please see the <u>installing floating licenses</u> chapter for more information on how to instruct the client on how to borrow the license from the server.

Installing a license server on Windows

The FlexNet vendor package with the binaries that are needed can be downloaded from the FlexNet Vendor Packages download page.

- 1. Download the <u>Windows 64 (FlexNet v11.19.4.1) zip-file</u> for OpendTect Pro & dGB Plugins for OpendTect 6.4 and newer.
- 2. Create a directory on the server that is to be used as license server for OpendTect. E.g. create the directory *C:\Program Files\FlexLM Licensing Server\OpendTect*.
- 3. Unzip the zip-file in the directory that has been created in previous step.
- The zip-file has the following files: dgbld.exe : The dGB vendor daemon Imgrd.exe : The FlexNet license manager daemon Imtools.exe : The FlexNet LMTOOLS utility Imutil.exe : The FlexNet license management utilities
- 5. Ideally the log file should be written into the directory containing the Imgrd executable. Starting from FlexNet v11.17.2 this is possible on a path containing a space. If an older FlexNet version is used as license server then we advise to write the log file into folder *C:\ProgramData\FLEXIm\Imgrd*. Create this folder if it does not yet exist.
- The next thing that is needed is the server license file. This license file will be provided by the dGB support via support@dgbes.com.
 Best is to place the license file in the same directory as Imgrd.exe.
- 7. The license file needs to be edited. Hence, open the license file with a text editor like Notepad or Vim.
- 8. In the top of the license file there is the SERVER line. The SERVER line format is: SERVER host hostid [port] For example: SERVER myserver 123456abcdef 27005

Note that if no *port* is specified then the FlexNet server will listen on the first available TCP port in the range of 27000-27009. A valid port number is any unused port number in the range of 1024 to 65535. Ports below 1024 are privileged port numbers.

Below the SERVER line is the VENDOR line. This line tells the FlexNet license manager daemon (Imgrd) where to find the dGB vendor daemon (dgbld). The VENDOR line format is: VENDOR dgbld full path to/dgbld [PORT=port]

For example

```
VENDOR dgbld "C:\Program Files\FlexLM Licensing Server-
\OpendTect\dgbld.exe" port=43454
```

It is important that you replace on the VENDOR line *fullpath_to/dgbld* with the path to the dgbld.exe file. In this example we will change it into: "C:\Program Files\FlexLM Licensing Server\OpendTect\dgbld.exe". In case there are spaces in the path then the path should be within double-quotes.

Note that if *port* is not specified then the vendor daemon will listen on an ephemeral random port at run time. A valid port number is any unused port number in the range of 1024 to 65535. Ports below 1024 are privileged port numbers.

Save the license file.

9. Double-click the Imtools.exe file. This opens the LMTOOLS utility.

Local Dis	k (C:) 🕨 Program Files 🕨	Flex	.M Licensing Server 🕨	OpendTect	
^	Name		Date modified	Туре	Size
	🖉 dgb111_server.lic		1/14/2022 2:30 PM	LIC File	3 KB
	dgbld.exe		7/3/2018 2:58 PM	Application	2,349 KB
	Imgrd.exe		7/3/2018 2:57 PM	Application	1,804 KB
	🚉 Imtools.exe	N	7/4/2018 1:01 PM	Application	2,042 KB
	💷 Imutil.exe	hà	7/3/2018 2:57 PM	Application	1,782 KB

Figure: contents of the FlexLM Licensing Server\OpendTect directory

10. On *Service/License File* tab toggle on Configuration using Services and LMTOOLS ignores license file path environment variables.

LMTOOLS by Flexera



Figure: LMTOOLS utility: Service/License File tab

- 11. Click the Config Services tab.
 - 1. At Service Name drop down create a new service name that will manage your OpendTect Pro & dGB plugins licenses. The default service name is *FlexIm Service* 1. Best is to change this into a name like *OpendTect-PRO License Manager*.
 - 2. At *Path to the Imgrd.exe file* browse to the directory that contains the Imgrd.exe file. Select Imgrd.exe and then click button *Open*.
 - 3. At *Path to the license file* browse to the directory that contains the license file. Select the license file and then click button *Open*.
 - 4. At *Path to the debug log file* put in the directory in which you want to write the dgbld_ debug.log file. Ideally C:\Program Files\FlexLM Licensing Server-\OpendTect\dgbld_debug.log or C:\ProgramData\FLEXIm\Imgrd\dgbld_debug.log.
 - 5. Toggle on *Use Services* and then toggle on *Start Server at Power Up*. This will make sure that the license server will start automatically at power up or reboot.

	LMTOOLS by Flexera	– – X
File Edit Mode Help		
Service/License File System Settings Utiliti	es Start/Stop/Reread Server Status	Server Diags Config Services Borrowing
Configure Service		
Service Name	1000 I:	Save Service
Jopena Te	ct-PRO License Manager	Remove Service
		Browse
Path to the Imgrd.exe file \FlexLM L	icensing Server\OpendTect\Imgrd.exe	
Path to the license file	Server\OpendTect\dgb111_server.lic	Browse
Path to the debug log file	nData\FLEXIm\Imgrd\dgbld_debug.log	Browse View Log Close Log
✓ Start Server at Power Up	Use Services	FlexNet Licensing Service Required
	The feat	e HexNet Licensing Service is required for optional tures such as virtualization and trusted storage.

Figure: LMTOOLS utility: Config Services tab

6. Click button Save Service and Yes in the confirmation window.

LMTOOLS by Flexera					
Would you like to save the settings for the service: OpendTect-PRO License Manager ?					
Yes No Cancel					

Figure: Save the service

 LMTOOLS will show a warning window if the preferred path <SystemDrive>\ProgramData to store service data is not set. You get this when dgbld_ debug.log is not configured in the ProgramData folder. You can ignore this when there are enough permissions to read from and write to the dgbld_debug.log file.



Figure: Warning about Windows preferred path for service data

- 12. Ensure that the proper firewall exceptions are in place. There should be two exceptions (inbound application exceptions) for:
 - 1. Imgrd.exe (TCP, for the port specified in the license file, e.g. 27005)
 - 2. dgbld.exe (TCP, for the port specified in the license file, e.g. 43454)

Starting a license server

- 1. Start LMTOOLS by double-clicking the *Imtools.exe* file.
- 2. Click the Start/Stop/Reread tab.
- 3. Make sure that the correct license server is selected in the list. Then click button *Start Server*.

LMTOOLS by Flexera		_		×
File Edit Mode Help				
Service/License File System Settings Utilities Star	t/Stop/Reread Server Status Serve	r Diags Config Services	Borrowing	
License s computer Start Server	Stop Server Force Server Shutdown NOTE: This box must be checked t when licenses are borrowed.	n this ReRead License File o shut down a license ser] ver	
Using License File: C:\dgb_licserver\dgb110_dgb.li	c			_

Figure: Starting dGB License Server

- 4. It is possible that the Windows firewall or your virus scanner blocks dgbld.exe . If this is the case then you would want to add dgbld.exe to the list of Trusted Programs and/or Firewall Rules. After making this change click button *Start Server* again.
- 5. If the license server start is successful LMTOOLS will show the message: *Server Start Successful*.

6. Please refer to the debug.log file in case of issues.

This is an indication that the dgbld vendor daemon is not able to start: (lmgrd) License server manager (lmgrd) startup failed: (lmgrd) CreateProcess error code: 0x5 File= C:\Program Files\FlexLM Licensing Server\OpendTect\dgbld.exe License server manager (lmgrd) startup failed: (lmgrd) CreateProcess error code: 0x5 File= dgbld.exe

Client installation

Please see the <u>installing floating licenses</u> chapter for more information on how to instruct the client on how to borrow the license from the server.

Petrel* Plugin

Installing the PIP file

The plugin can be installed to Petrel* with the help of the PIP file in the usual way, where you have to use the Plugin manager tool from the menu: File > Options > Plugin manager. Press 'Install plugin' and select the downloaded PIP file. After installation restart Petrel* to activate the plugin.

In order to install the updated version of the plugin, please remove the old one from the Petrel* plugin manager. Then restart Petrel* and install the plugin as described above.

The PIP files can be downloaded from the <u>OpendTect Pro plugin for Petrel* downloaded</u> <u>page</u>.



Figure: PetrelDirect download page

* Petrel is a mark of Schlumberger

Choosing the preferred Communication Port (TCP/IP) -97-

By default the plugin should use the TCP/IP port 57375; in case this port is not available / accessible it can be changed in two ways:

• From plugin user interface, which is available under the 'Seismic interpretation' tab in the Petrel* ribbon.



Figure: OpendTect Settings in ribbon

Settings for OpendTect connection		_	- 🗆	×
IP Communication Port OpendTect installation directory	57375		Selec	t
		¢	🕗 Ok	



• By adding an environment variable DTECT_PETREL_PORT, and setting its value to the preferred port number which is available for access.

PetrelDirect user documentation

For information about PetrelDirect go to <u>the PetrelDirect chapter</u> of the OpendTect Pro and dGB Plugins Documentation.

Installation of PetrelDirect plugin in OpendTect and Petrel*

PetrelDirect plugin allows OpendTect Pro users to seamlessly exchange data with the Petrel* data store of a running Petrel* project. On the OpendTect side, PetrelDirect plugin is installed as a part of OpendTect Pro. On the Petrel* side, *Data access for OpendTect (dGB) plugin* must be installed. Currently supported Petrel* versions are Petrel 2021*, Petrel 2022* and Petrel 2023*. This is a step-by-step guide on how to install and configure PetrelDirect plugin in both OpendTect and Petrel*.

* Petrel is a mark of Schlumberger

OpendTect

- 1. OpendTect 7.0: PetrelDirect plugin is a part of OpendTect Pro:
- 2. Once OpendTect Pro is installed, PetrelDirect status button can be found in the lower right corner of the main OpendTect window. Make sure that it is enabled and initialized:





Figure: PetrelDirect status button

3. Click the button to check the Petrel connection settings. Make sure that the TCP port is the same port as is set in Petrel*.

Petrel connection settings		_		\times
Link status	X (A	Active)		
TCP port to use	57375	•		
Disable connection on error	Yes	⊖ No		
Enable connection at startup	Yes	⊖ No		
Maximum packet size (bytes)	2000000		*	
(Apply		ise	?

Figure: Petrel connection settings window

Petrel*

To be able to use PetrelDirect functionality in Opendtect Pro, *Data access for OpendTect (dGB) plugin* must be installed in Petrel*. Installation can be done either via Windows installer (MSI file) or Plugin Installer Package (PIP file).

Via Windows installer (MSI file):

The Windows installer does both the first-time plugin installation and an update of already installed plugin to a newer version without any extra actions.

- 1. Download msi file from the OpendTect Pro plugin for Petrel* download page.
- 2. Run the msi file and follow the instructions.
- 3. Start Petrel*
- 4. Go to Seismic Interpretation tab and observe that OpendTect toolbar is there now.



Figure: OpendTect toolbar

Via Plugin Installer Package (PIP file):

For the plugin to update to a newer version, an old version must be uninstalled first:

- 1. Start Petrel*
- 2. In Petrel* main window: go to File > Options > Plugin Manager ...
- 3. In Ocean Plugin Manager window: uninstall the old version of *Data access for OpendTect (dGB) plugin* by selecting it and clicking *Uninstall* button.
- 4. Close Petrel*

For the first-time installation or once the plugin version is uninstalled:

- 1. Download PIP file from the OpendTect Pro plugin for Petrel* download page.
- 2. Start Petrel*
- 3. In Petrel* main window: go to File > Options > Plugin Manager ...

2	2 📳	n n 🗌 🖬 🖏	🕞 🚺 ·	• 🖻 🗐 •	
	File				
		<u>S</u> ave project	0	Plug-in manager	6
	P	Save project <u>a</u> s	0	<u>S</u> tatus bar	Plug-in manager Open the Ocean Plug
		Open project		Window toolbar	
	\checkmark	<u>N</u> ew project	IX	Select INTERSECT Connector	
		Project setup	ŝ	Search settings	
(ß	Project tools		EDM data index manager	
	İİİ	Options +			
		System •			
	Þ	<u>P</u> rint			
	\mathcal{P}	License modules			
	?	Help +			
		Links +			

Figure: File > Options > Plugin Manager

- 4. In Ocean Plugin Manager window:
 - 1. Click on Install plugin button
 - 2. Locate PIP file and click Open
 - 3. Once the installation is finished click *Close* in both windows
- 5. Restart Petrel*
- 6. Go to Seismic Interpretation tab and observe that OpendTect toolbar is there now.



Figure: OpendTect toolbar

* Petrel is a mark of Schlumberger

Troubleshooting

When experiencing issues with OpendTect there are several ways to troubleshoot:

You can

- look in the log file(s) inside the *Survey Data Root\LogFiles* and %TEMP% folder;
- review, modify and/or delete the OpendTect settings in the \$HOME/.od folder on Linux or %UserProfile%\.od on Windows;
- set the environment variable DTECT_DEBUG to yes to get more information from OpendTect in the terminal or the Command Prompt when starting OpendTect.
- set the environment variable QT_DEBUG_PLUGINS to 1 to get more information about Qt in the terminal or the Command Prompt when starting OpendTect (Linux and Windows) or for the OpendTect installer (Linux only).
- set the environment variable OSG_NOTIFY_LEVEL to DEBUG to get more information about OSG in the terminal or the Command Prompt when starting OpendTect.
- set the environment variable OD_NOSCENE_AT_STARTUP to 1 to start OpendTect without a scene. This is to determine whether there is a GPU driver issue.

You can also

- look for an answer on the <u>OpendTect Users Group</u> or use your favorite search engine;
- send an email to the OpendTect Users Group via <u>users@opendtect.org</u>. To post one needs to be a member. You can become a member by sending an email to <u>users+subscribe@opendtect.org</u>. For more information please read the <u>dgbe-</u> <u>s.com Users Group Q&A page</u>. Perhaps someone in the group experienced the same issue and/or can tell you how to fix the issue;

- get priority support for commercial users by sending an email to the OpendTect Support: <u>support@dgbes.com;</u>
- choose to submit a crash report in the event of a malfunction of OpendTect. This crash report contains information that will help OpendTect's developers to locate and fix the issue. If you choose to identify yourself in the comments, the crash report will be added to your file by OpendTect developers, and OpendTect support may contact you for more information, or to inform you about the fixes of the issue.

The crash report is a text-file that contains:

- Technical information about the crash.
- Technical information about the computer such as amount of memory, number of computer cores and a unique system ID. The unique system ID is hashed, and cannot be used to identify the user.
- Any comments and/or email you add to the crash report before sending it.
- The IP address of the user.

Log files

Every time OpendTect starts a logfile is created in the *Survey Data Root\LogFiles* folder. The naming of the log file is username_datetime.txt file.



Figure: log files in LogFiles folder

The OpendTect Installer writes logfiles into the */tmp* folder on Linux or *%TEMP%* folder on Windows, the naming of these files are:

- username_od_instmgr_install_log.txt
- username_od_instmgr_updcheck_log.txt



Figure: OpendTect installer log files

Settings files in .od folder

OpendTect writes its settings into the *\$HOME/.od* folder on Linux or *%User-Profile%\.od* on Windows. You can find the following files:

- qtsettings_odver; e.g. qtsettings_700
- settings
- settings_coltabs
- settings_dataroot
- settings_presentation
- settings_python
- settings_snapshot
- settings_welldisp
- settings_welltie
- survey

If one or more of the above listed settings files, like the settings_coltabs, does not exist in your .od directory this means that OpendTect hadn't (yet) had any reason to create that particular settings file.

Editing of these files is at your own risk. If you delete them OpendTect will create a new file when needed. If a file gets corrupt then deleting is exactly what you should do.

Debugging OpendTect

The default setting is that OpendTect only shows minimum debug info when starting OpendTect via the *start_dtect* script on Linux. Windows users will not see any debug info when starting *od_main.exe*.

In order to get more debug information an environment variable DTECT_DEBUG needs to be set to yes.

It is also possible to get debug information from Qt by setting an environment variable QT_DEBUG_PLUGINS to 1. On Linux one can also get Qt debug information when launching the OpendTect Installer.

When launching *start_dtect* from terminal on Linux the debug messages will be visible in the terminal.

Windows users will have to launch the Command Prompt, change the directory to *path_to\OpendTect\7.0.0\bin\win64\Release* directory and from there run *od_main_console.exe*



Figure: starting od_main_console.exe

Appendix A - FlexNet Licenses Explained

Let us suppose you have received a 4-user license for a OpendTect Pro and the DipSteering plugin. You will have received a floating license, meaning that these features can be used from any machine that can access the license server, by a maximum of four simultaneous users.

Server side: The License Manager Daemon

To be able to enforce the license, there must be a piece of software somewhere that keeps track of who is using the module. That is the License Manager Daemon (Imgrd). The Imgrd can run on any machine, also on machines that you will never use the module itself on. Good candidates are stable UNIX servers.

When the Imgrd is started, it looks at a file containing the information about what should be supported. This file is called the License File. Actually, the Imgrd can only be started on the machine indicated in the license file. The license file could look similar to this:

SERVER licserv 000347e8b845 VENDOR dgbld /apps/opendtect/7.0.0/bin/lux64/lm.dgb/dgbld FEATURE dTectPRO dgbld 2024.03 31-mar-2024 4 DUP_GROUP=UHD SIGN="0077... FEATURE dTectDS dgbld 2024.03 31-mar-2024 DUP GROUP=UHD SIGN-

N="0023...

The first line tells us that the Imgrd must be started on the machine licserv, with FlexNet ID 000347e8b845. The second line is interesting for the Imgrd only (it tells the Imgrd where to find the vendor daemon, in this case the dGB vendor daemon, dgbld). Below you then see two actual license FEATURE lines (dTectPRO and dTectDS). The features shown are valid until 31-mar-2024, for 4 users, and may be updated to the latest available version of this feature until the end of the month 2024.03 (31-mar-2024).

The Client side: Your program

Now let's look at the machine that you run your software on. The program will at some point in time need to check whether there is a license for what you are trying to do. For this, the program looks at the same license file. It sees that it has to contact the machine 'licserv' to ask for permission. The combination of Imgrd & dgbld keep track of the number of users already using the license feature. If a license is granted, your program will go on, otherwise you'll get an error message.

Non-floating licenses

In some cases the software will never be used other than on a certain machine. In that case a node-locked license can be issued. For such a license you do not need to start a license manager daemon - the license is tied to, and installed on, only that specific machine, through its HostID. A special case is the unlimited DEMO license, which grants unlimited access for any number of users on any machine. It goes without saying that this kind of license is always for short periods.

Host identification

For the above schemes to work, the license server or the machine using the nodelocked license must be uniquely identified. Therefore, you will be asked to provide a unique HostID and a hostname when you want to obtain a license. The preferred method to identify the HostID is via OpendTect itself using the 'Show HostID' option (see: <u>Licensing and Host IDs</u>). From this option, you may use the 'copy' icon to copy the information to your clipboard before sending it through to us.

Windows-only: On Windows, there is also a FlexNet utility that does the same job as described above. It is delivered together with the Windows Pro version of OpendTect and the Windows FlexNet Vendor Package, so you need to install one of those first. From the Start menu, select OpendTect > License Manager Tools and via Utilities > Installation >Licenses > Open License Manager Tools. Select the tab 'System Settings'. Then push the 'Save HOSTID Info to a File' button. You will need (local) admin rights to access this tool.

If you need to obtain the host ID before OpendTect is installed:

- Windows: Open a 'command prompt' (For example, by running cmd) and issue a command like: ipconfig /all > c:\Temp\ipcfg.txt You can send ipcfg.txt or look for the 'Physical address'.
- Linux and Mac OS X: Run ip a in a terminal. Look for HWAddr or ether. You want the MAC address, looking like xx:xx:xx:xx:xx that's 6 groups of 2 hex numbers. Example: 00:1C:C0:38:22:F1. Usually you would want to provide the one that is reported with devicename eth0 or eno1. In doubt you can provide all.
If for some reason one of these commands does not work: we need the MAC address of the main network card. Sending the IP address of a machine is never helpful.

Conclusion (Manager's summary)

The FlexNet license system is based upon internet technology. Therefore you can run your software on any machine, using any operating system, to get licenses from any other machine regardless of operating system or physical location. Thus, a Linux license server in Houston can manage the licenses for Windows, Linux and Mac OS X machines in Houston, Caracas and Paris. The only restriction is the number of users actually using the 'feature' at a certain time, but that is what you pay for.

For more information, see the <u>FlexNet Licensing End User Guide</u>.